LevelOne

WAB-6120

150Mbps Wireless Outdoor PoE AP

User Manual

V1.2

Copyright

About This Manual

This user manual is intended to guide professional installer to install the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP and how to build the infrastructure centered on it. It includes procedures to assist you in avoiding unforeseen problems.

Conventions

For your attention on important parts, special characters and patterns are used in this manual:

 **Note:**

- This indicates an important note that you must pay attention to.

 **Warning:**

- This indicates a warning or caution that you have to abide.

Bold: Indicates the function, important words, and so on.

Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. To avoid the possibility of exceeding radio frequency exposure limits, you shall beep a distance of at least 100cm between you and the antenna of the installed equipment. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

The availability of some specific channels and/or operational frequency bands are country dependent and are firmware programmed at the factory to match the intended destination. The firmware setting is not accessible by the end user.

Warranty

Standard hardware warranty is for one (1) year from date of shipment from Distributor. Warrants that hardware will conform to the current relevant published specifications and will be free from material defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service.

IN NO EVENT SHALL DISTRIBUTOR BE LIABLE TO YOU OR ANY OTHER PARTY FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, GENERAL, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, EXEMPLARY OR OTHER DAMAGE RISING OUT OF THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THE PRODUCT (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, DAMAGES FOR LOSS OF BUSINESS PROFITS, BUSINESS INTERRUPTION, LOSS OF BUSINESS INFORMATION OR ANY OTHER PECUNIARY LOSS, OR FROM ANY BREACH OF WARRANTY, EVEN IF DISTRIBUTOR HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. IN NO CASE SHALL DISTRIBUTOR LIABILITY EXCEED THE AMOUNT YOU PAID FOR THE PRODUCT.

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Introduction

Designed for outdoor environment application, the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP is a high-performance last-mile broadband solution that provides reliable wireless network coverage. As an IEEE 802.11b/g compliant wireless device, the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP is able to give stable and efficient wireless performance, while designed with IEEE 802.11n standard and high output power makes it possible to deliver several times faster data rate than normal wireless device and higher bandwidth with longer range for outdoor applications.

The LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP supports four wireless communication connectivity (AP, Wireless Client, WDS and AP Repeater), allowing for various application requirements thus helping to find the key to the “last mile” with least effort.

With high output power and reliable performance, the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP is an ideal wireless broadband solution for wireless Internet service providers and system integrators!

Appearance

Figure 1 LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP

Key Features

- Compliant with IEEE 802.11b/g and IEEE 802.11n as well
- Support Passive Power over Ethernet which is supplied with 12V or 15V.
- High reliable watertight housing endures almost any harsh environments
- Four operating modes including AP, Wireless Client, WDS and AP Repeater
- Support 64/128/152-bit WEP and 802.1X, WPA, WPA2, WPA&WPA2,WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, and WPA-PSK&WPA2-PSK
- User-friendly Web and SNMP-based management interface

Typical Application

This section describes the typical applications of LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP. By default, it is set to AP mode which allows it to establish a wireless coverage; besides, it is also able to join any available wireless network under wireless client mode. The LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP is able to deliver stable and efficient broadband connectivity for various applications.

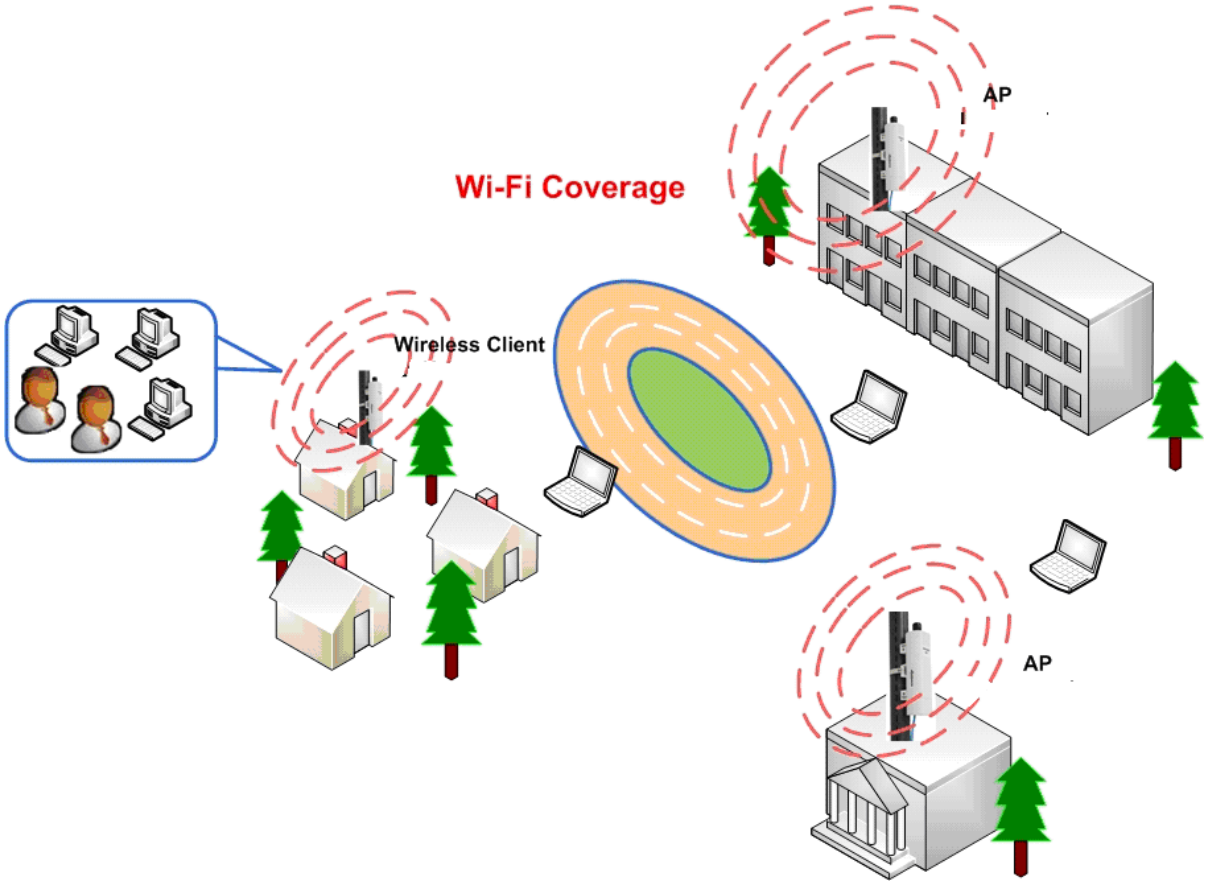


Figure 2 Typical Application

Besides, the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP can also be applied into the following environments:

- Cost-effectively provide long distance backhaul for remote areas (e.g. village, oil well, island, mountain and etc.)
- Establish local backhaul for campus, farm and factory
- Provide and access for video streaming or surveillance for industrial and mining enterprises

Chapter 2 Hardware Installation

This chapter describes safety precautions and product information you have to know and check before installing LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP.

Preparation before Installation

Professional Installation Required

Please seek assistance from a professional installer who is well trained in the RF installation and knowledgeable in the local regulations.

Safety Precautions

1. To keep you safe and install the hardware properly, please read and follow these safety precautions.
2. If you are installing LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP for the first time, for your safety as well as others', please seek assistance from a professional installer who has received safety training on the hazards involved.
3. Keep safety as well as performance in mind when selecting your installation site, especially where there are electric power and phone lines.
4. When installing LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP, please note the following things:
   - Do not use a metal ladder;
   - Do not work on a wet or windy day;
   - Wear shoes with rubber soles and heels, rubber gloves, long sleeved shirt or jacket.
5. When the system is operational, avoid standing directly in front of it. Strong RF fields are present when the transmitter is on.

Installation Precautions

To keep the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP well while you are installing it, please read and follow these installation precautions.

1. Users MUST use a proper and well-installed surge arrestor with the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP; otherwise, a random lightening could easily cause fatal damage to LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP. **EMD (Lightning) DAMAGE IS NOT COVERED UNDER WARRNTY.**
2. Users MUST use the “Power cord & PoE Injector” shipped in the box with the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP. Use of other options will cause damage to the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP.
3. Users MUST power off the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP first before connecting the external antenna to it. Do not switch from built-in antenna to the external antenna from WEB management without physically attaching the external antenna onto the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP; otherwise, damage might be caused to the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP itself.

Product Package

WAB-6120

PoE Injector

DC Adapter

Clamp

RJ-45 Ethernet Cable

Quick installation Guide

CD Manual

Note:

- Product CD contains Quick Installation Guide and User Manual!

Pole Mounting Ring

Power Cord & PoE Injector

Warning:

- Users MUST use the “Power cord & PoE Injector” shipped in the box with the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP. Use of other options will cause damage to the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP.

Hardware Installation

Connect up

1. The bottom of the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP is a movable cover. Grab the cover and pull it back harder to take it out as the figure shown below.

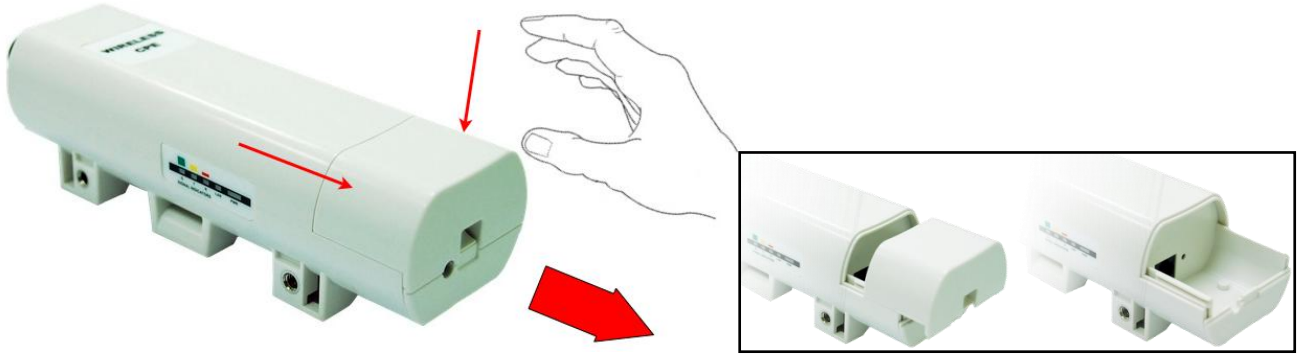


Figure 3 Move the Cover

2. Plug a standard Ethernet cable into the RJ45 port.

Figure 4 Cable Connection

3. Slide the cover back to seal the bottom of the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP.

Figure 5 Seal the Bottom

4. Plug the power cord into the DC port of the PoE injector as the following right picture shows.

Figure 6 Connect to PoE Injector

5. Plug the other side of the Ethernet cable as shown in Step 3 into the PoE port of the PoE injector and get the complete set ready.

Figure 7 Complete Set

Pole Mounting

1. Turn the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP over. Put the pole mounting ring through the middle hole of it. Note that you should unlock the pole mounting ring with a screw driver before putting it through LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP as the following right picture shows.

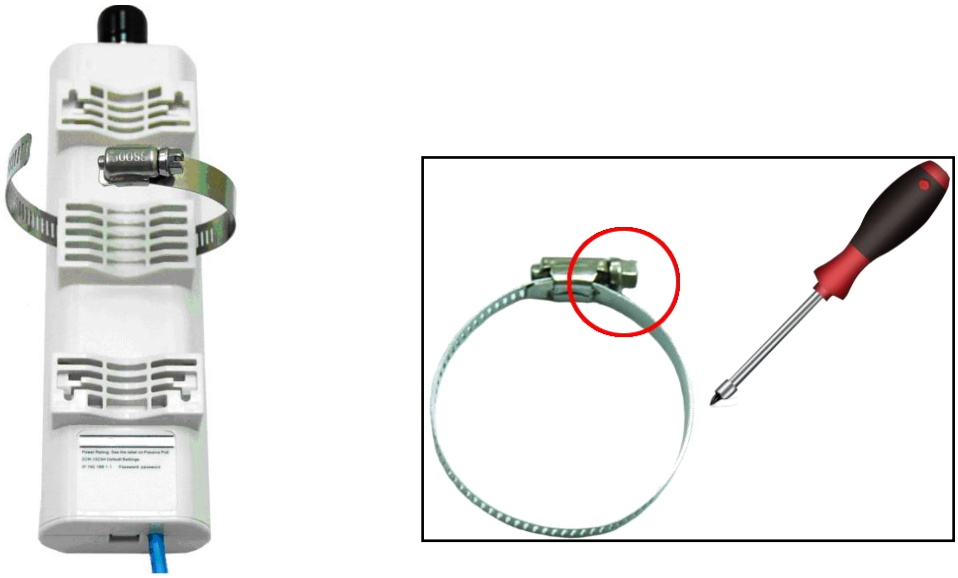


Figure 8 Pole Mounting – Step 1

2. Mount LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP steadily to the pole by locking the pole mounting ring tightly.

Figure 9 Pole Mounting – Step 2

3. Now you have completed the hardware installation of LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP.

Figure 10 Pole Mounting – Step 3

Using the External Antenna

If you prefer to use the external antenna with N-type connector for your application instead of the built-in directional antenna, please follow the steps below.

1. Grab the black rubber on the top of LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP, and slightly pull it up. The metal N-type connector will appear.

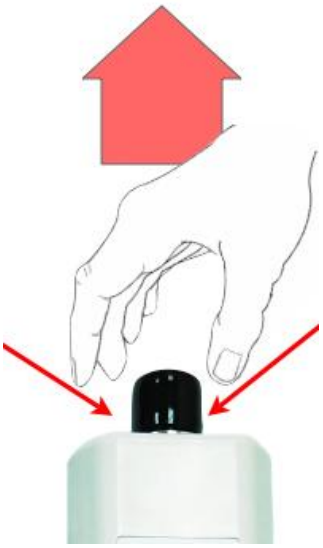


Figure 11 Move the Rubber

2. Connect your antenna with the N-type connector on the top of LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP

Note:

- If you are going to use an external antenna on LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP, get some cable in advance.
- Be aware of the force you use while connecting to the N-type connector, inappropriate force may damage the N-type connector!

Warning:

- Users MUST power off the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP first before connecting the external antenna to it. Do not switch from built-in antenna to the external antenna from WEB management without physically attaching the external antenna onto the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP; otherwise, damage might be caused to the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP itself.

Chapter 3 Basic Settings

Factory Default Settings

We'll elaborate the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP factory default settings. You can re-acquire these parameters by default. If necessary, please refer to the "Restore Factory Default Settings".

Table 1 LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP Factory Default Settings

Features		Factory Default Settings
Username		admin
Password		admin
Wireless Device Name		WAB-6120-xxxxxx (model name + 6 MAC digits)
Operating Mode		AP
Data Rate		Auto
LAN	IP Address	192.168.1.1
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
	Gateway	0.0.0.0
	Primary DNS Server	0.0.0.0
	Secondary DNS Server	0.0.0.0
Spanning Tree		Enable
802.11 Mode		802.11b/g/n
Channel Number		6
SSID		LevelOne
Broadcast SSID		Enable
HT Protect		Disable
Data Rate		Auto
Output Power		100% (Full)
Channel Mode		20MHz
WMM		Enabled
RTS Threshold (byte)		2346
Fragmentation Length (byte)		2346
Beacon Interval		100
DTIM Interval		1
Space in Meter		0
Flow Control by AP		Disable
Security		Open System

Encryption		None
Wireless Separation		Disable
Access Control		Disable
SNMP	Enable/Disable	Enable
	Read Community Name	Public
	Write Community Name	Private
	IP Address	0.0.0.0

System Requirements

Before configuration, please make sure your system meets the following requirements:

- A computer coupled with 10/ 100 Base-TX adapter;
- Configure the computer with a static IP address of 192.168.1.x, as the default IP address of LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP is 192.168.1.1. (X cannot be 0, 1, nor 255);
- A Web browser on PC for configuration such as Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0 or above, Netscape or Firefox. or Google Chrome

How to Login the Web-based Interface

The LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP provides you with user-friendly Web-based management tool.

- Open Web browser and enter the IP address (Default: **192.168.1.1**) of LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP into the address field. You will see the login page as below.

Figure 12 Login Page

- Enter the username (Default: **admin**) and password (Default: **admin**) respectively and click "**Login**" to login the main page of LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP. As you can see, this management interface provides five main options in the black bar above, which are Status, System, Wireless, Management and Tools.

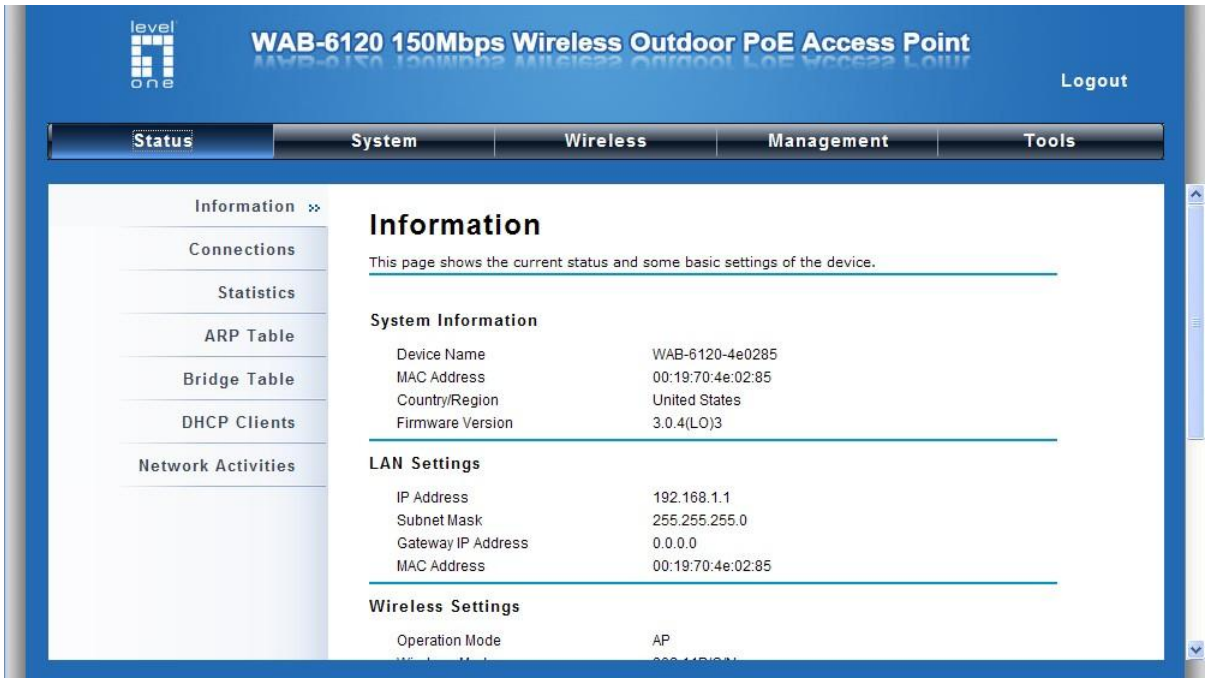


Figure 13 Main Page

Note:

- The username and password are case-sensitive, and the password should be no more than 19 characters!

Basic System Settings

For users who use the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP for the first time, it is recommended that you begin configuration from "**Basic Settings**" in "**System**" shown below:

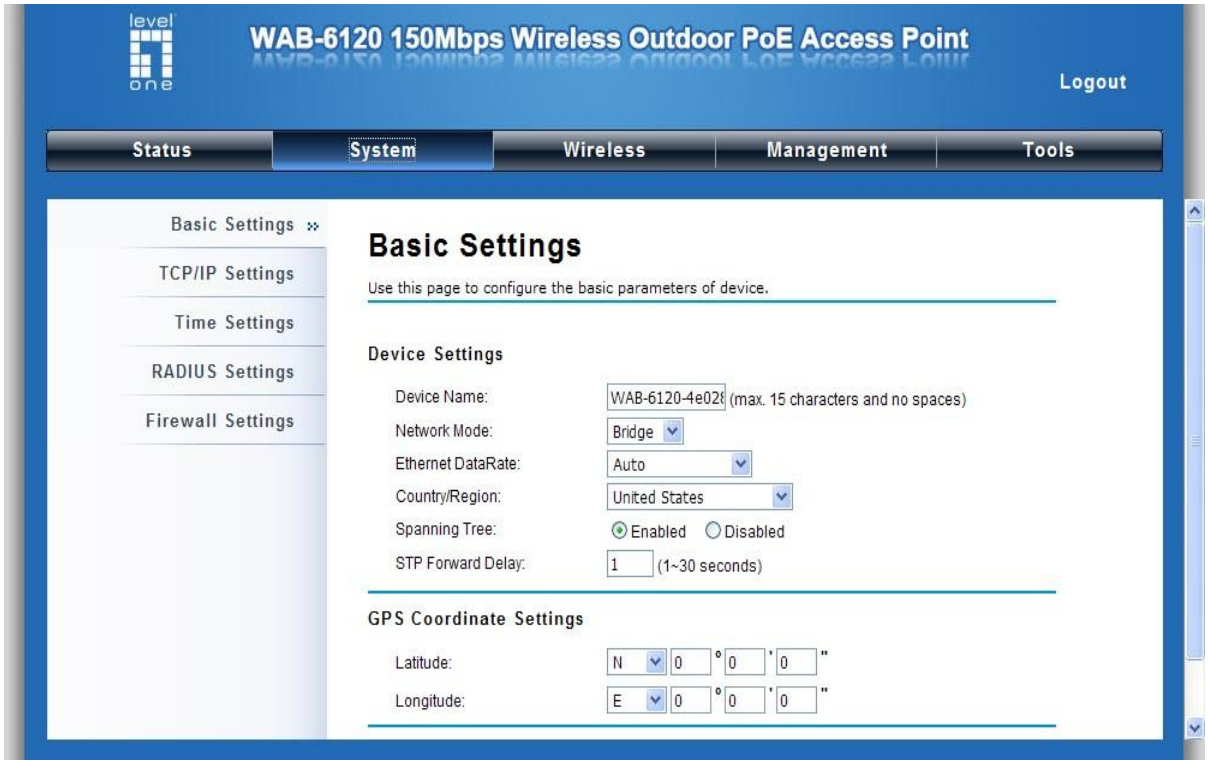


Figure 14 Basic System Settings

Device Name: Specify the device name, which is composed of no more than 15 characters with (0-9), (A-Z), (a-z) or (-).

Network Mode: Specify the network mode, including Bridge and Router. It is easy to configure parameters in Bridge Mode; however, users must pay extra attention to the way they configure the device when it is set to Router Mode. For details, please refer to **TCP/IP Settings"**.

Ethernet Data Rate: Specify the transmission rate of data for Ethernet. Default is **Auto**.

Country Region: The availability of some specific channels and/or operational frequency bands is country dependent.

Spanning Tree: Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) is a link management protocol for AP which provides path redundancy while preventing loops in a network. STP allows only one active path at a time between the access points but establish the redundant link as a backup if the initial link fails.

STP Forward Delay: STP Forward Delay is the time spent in detecting and learning network tree

topology state before entering the forward state. Default time value is 1 sec.

GPS Coordinate Settings

The GPS Coordinate Setting helps you mark the latitude and longitude of the Power R2 Extender. Just enter the coordinates and click the **Apply** button.

- **TCP/IP Settings**

Open "**TCP/IP Settings**" in "**System**" as below to configure the parameters for LAN which connects to the LAN port of the CPE. In this page, users may change the settings for IP Address, Subnet Mask, and DHCP Server.

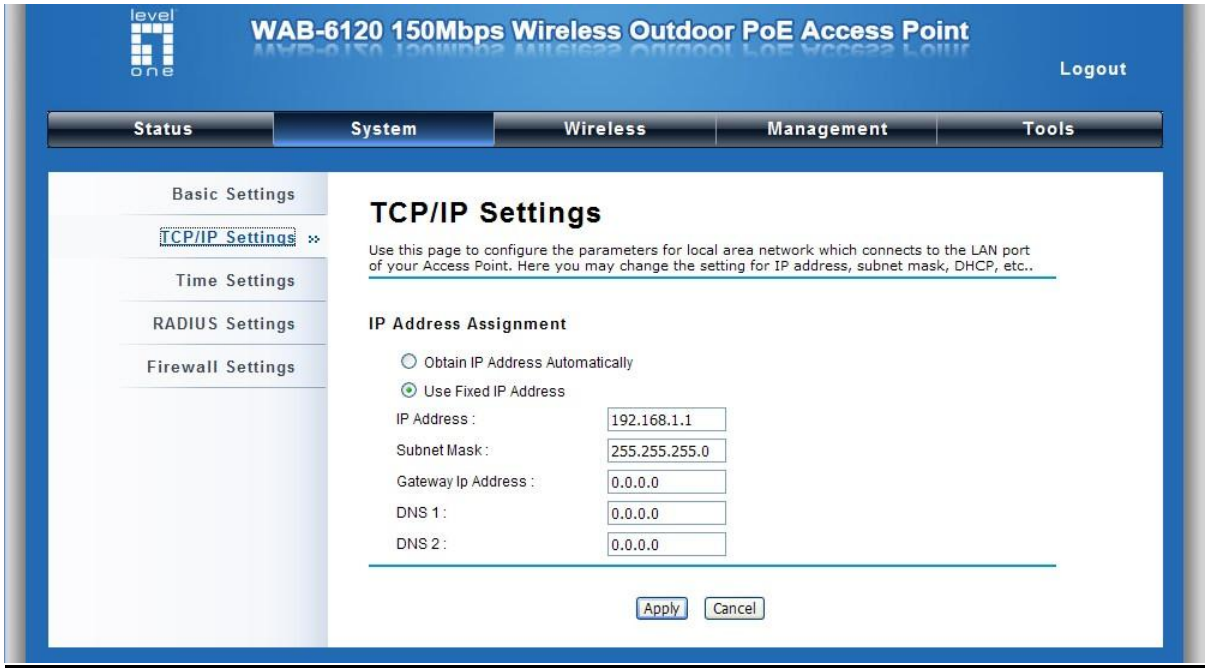


Figure 15 IP Settings (Bridge)

Obtain IP Address Automatically: If a DHCP server exists in your network, you can check this option, thus the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP is able to obtain IP settings automatically from that DHCP server.

Note:

- When the IP address of the CPE is changed, the clients on the network often need to wait for a while or even reboot before they can access the new IP address. For an immediate access to the bridge, please flush the netbios cache on the client computer by running the "nbtstat –r" command before using the device name of the CPE to access its Web Management page.
- In case the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP is unable to obtain an IP

address from a valid DHCP server, it will fall back to default static IP address.

Use Fixed IP Address: Check this option. You have to specify a static IP address, subnet mask, default gateway and DNS server for the CPE manually. Make sure the specified IP address is unique on your network in order to prevent IP conflict.

If the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP is configured as Router mode, you need to configure some additional TCP/IP parameters for accessing the Internet.

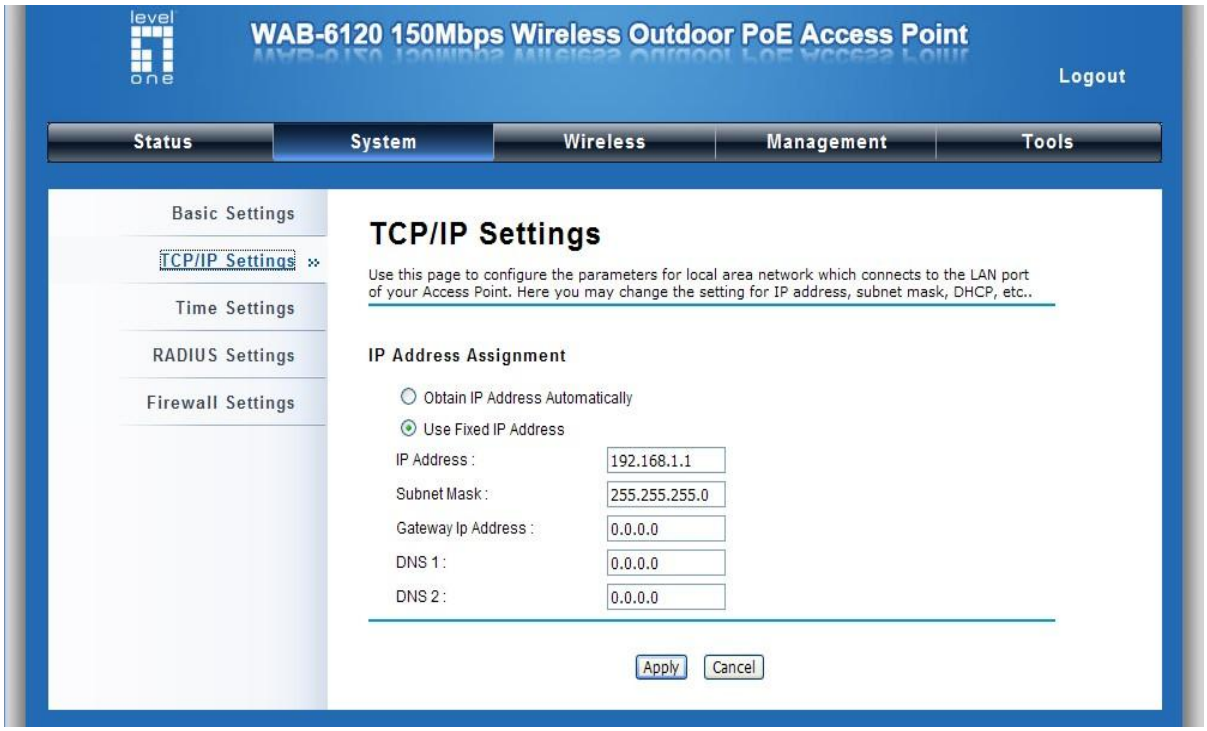


Figure 16 IP Settings (Router)

WAN Settings: Specify the Internet access method to Static IP, DHCP or PPPOE. Users must enter WAN IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway settings provided by your ISPs.

LAN Settings: When DHCP Server is disabled, users can specify IP address and subnet mask for the CPE manually. Make sure the specified IP address is unique on your network in order to prevent IP conflict. When DHCP Server is enabled, users may specify DHCP IP Address Range, DHCP Subnet Mask, DHCP Gateway and Lease Time (15-44640 minutes). A DHCP relay agents is used to forward DHCP requests and replies between clients and servers when they are not on the same physical subnet. To enable the DHCP relay agent, check the "**Enable DHCP Relay**" checkbox and enter the IP address of the DHCP server.

Warning:

- In AP mode, LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP must establish connection with another wireless device before it is set to Router mode. To access the unit in Router mode via wired port, please type the WAN IP address to enter the web page for WAN is on wired port and LAN is on wireless port. Or, you can access device through the wireless device connected with the CPE.
- In wireless client mode, users can access the CPE via its wired port, for WAN is on wireless port and LAN is on wired port when device is set to Router mode.
- Bridge mode and AP Repeater mode are similar to AP mode when device is set to Router mode; WAN is on wired port and LAN is on wireless port. Thus users must also connect the CPE with another wireless device before it is set to Router mode and access the CPE via the connected wireless device.

Time Settings

Compliant with NTP, the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP is capable of keeping its time in complete accord with the Internet time. Make configuration in "**Time Settings**" from "**System**". To use this feature, check "**Enable NTP Client Update**" in advance.

Figure 17 Time Settings

- **Current Time**

  Display the present time in Yr, Mon, Day, Hr, Min and Sec.

- **Time Zone Select**

  Select the time zone from the dropdown list.

- **NTP Server**

  Select the time server from the "**NTP Server**" dropdown list or manually input the IP address of available time server into "**Manual IP**".

  Hit "**Apply**" to save settings.

RADIUS Settings

RADIUS (Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service) is a server for remote user authentication and accounting; playing a central role in the network in providing the capabilities of authenticating, authorizing, accounting, auditing, alarming and etc. It allows an organization to maintain user profiles in a central database that all remote servers can share.

Open "**RADIUS Settings**" in "**System**" to make RADIUS configuration.

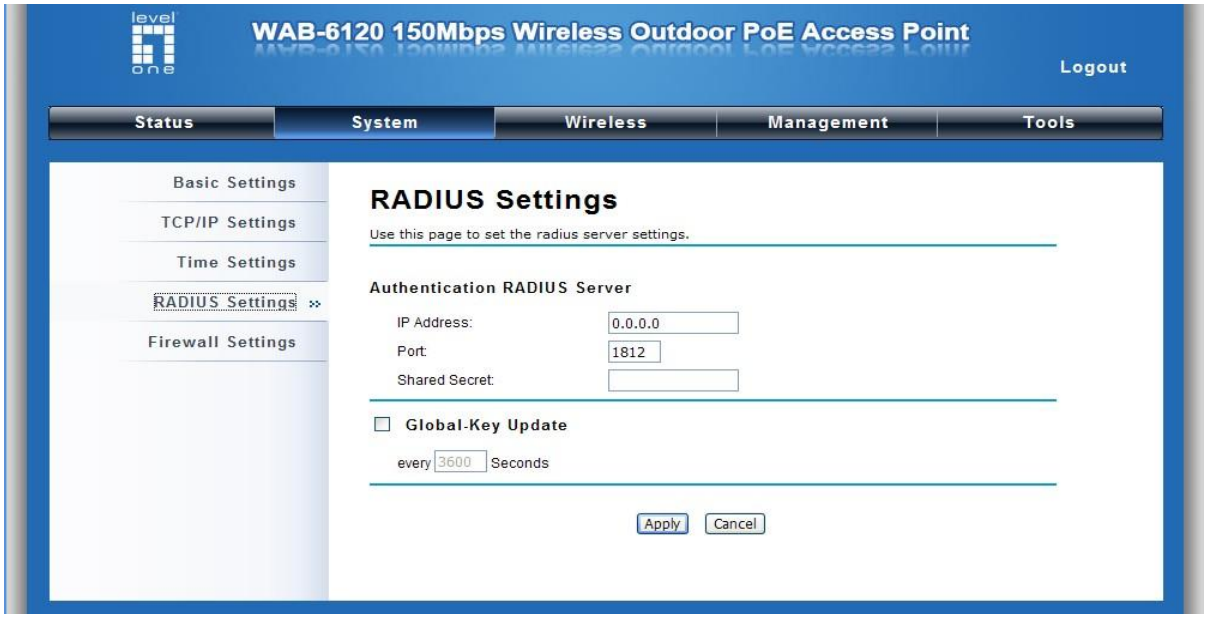


Figure 18 RADIUS Settings

- **Authentication RADIUS Server**

  This is for RADIUS authentication. It can communicate with RADIUS through IP Address, Port and Shared Secret.

  IP Address: Enter the IP address of the Radius Server;

  Port: Enter the port number of the Radius Server;

  Shared Secret: This secret, which is composed of no more than 31 characters, is shared by the

LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP and RADIUS during authentication.

Global-Key Update: Check this option and specify the time interval between two global-key updates.

Firewall Settings

The firewall is a system or group of systems that enforce an access control policy between two networks. It may also be defined as a mechanism used to protect a trusted network from an un-trusted network. LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP has capabilities of Source IP Filtering, Destination IP Filtering, Source Port Filtering, Destination Port Filtering, Port Forwarding as well as DMZ. This is available only under Router Mode.

Source IP Filtering: The source IP filtering gives users the ability to restrict certain types of data packets from your local network to Internet through LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP. Use of such filters can be helpful in securing or restricting your local network.

Figure 19 Source IP Filtering

Destination IP Filtering: The destination IP filtering gives you the ability to restrict the computers in LAN from accessing certain websites in WAN according to specified IP addresses. Check the "**Enable Source IP Filtering**" checkbox and enter the IP address of the clients to be restricted. Hit **Apply** to make the setting take effect.

Figure 20 Destination IP Filtering

Source Port Filtering: The source port filtering enable you to restrict certain ports of data packets from your local network to Internet through LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP. Use of such filters can be helpful in securing or restricting your local network.

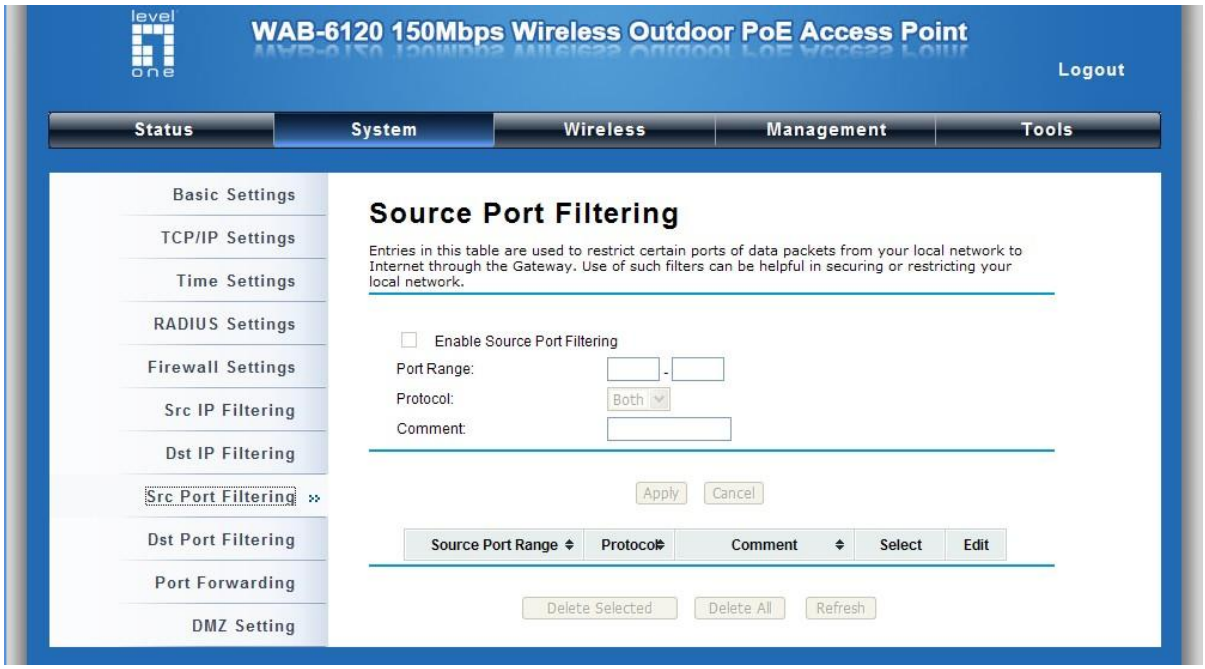


Figure 21 Source Port Filtering

Destination Port Filtering: The destination port filtering enables you to restrict certain ports of data packets from your local network to Internet through LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP. Use of such filters can be helpful in securing or restricting your local network.

Figure 22 Destination Port Filtering

Port Forwarding: The port forwarding allows you to automatically redirect common network services to a specific machine behind the NAT firewall. These settings ne are only necessary if you wish to host some sort of server like a web server or mail server on the private local network behind LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP's NAT firewall.

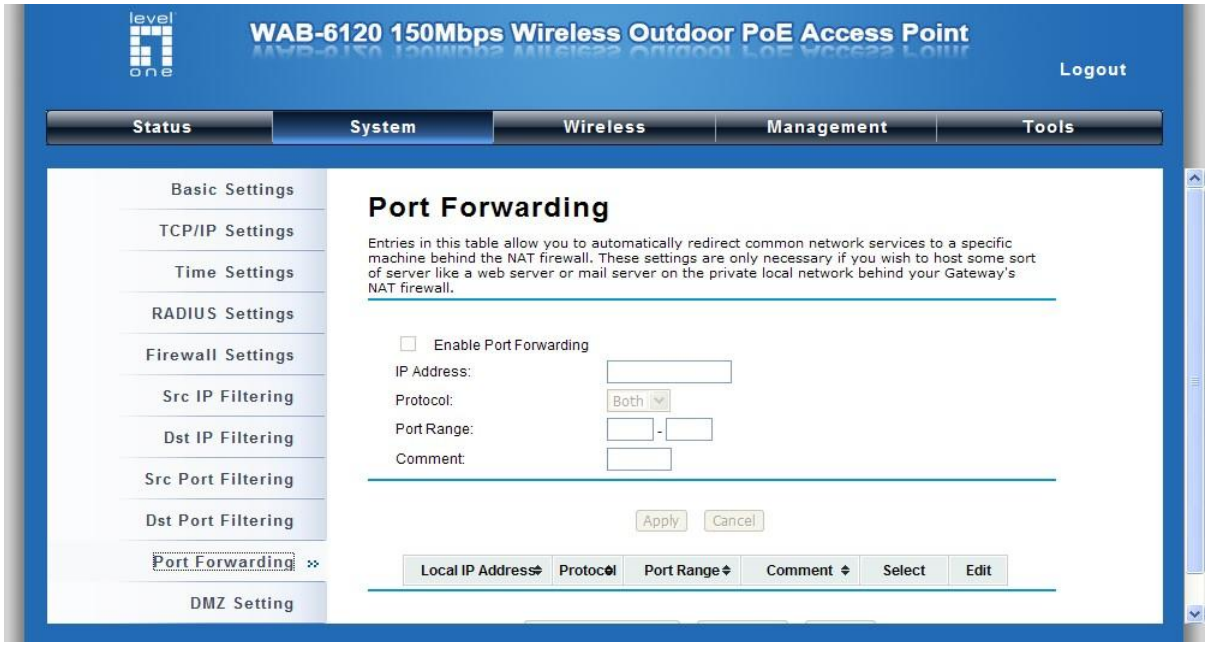


Figure 23 Port Forwarding

DMZ: A Demilitarized Zone is used to provide Internet services without sacrificing unauthorized access to its local private network. Typically, the DMZ host contains devices accessible to the Internet traffic, such as Web (HTTP) servers, FTP servers, SMTP (e-mail) servers and DNS servers.

Figure 24 DMZ

Basic Wireless Settings

Open "**Basic Settings**" in "**Wireless**" as below to make basic wireless configuration.

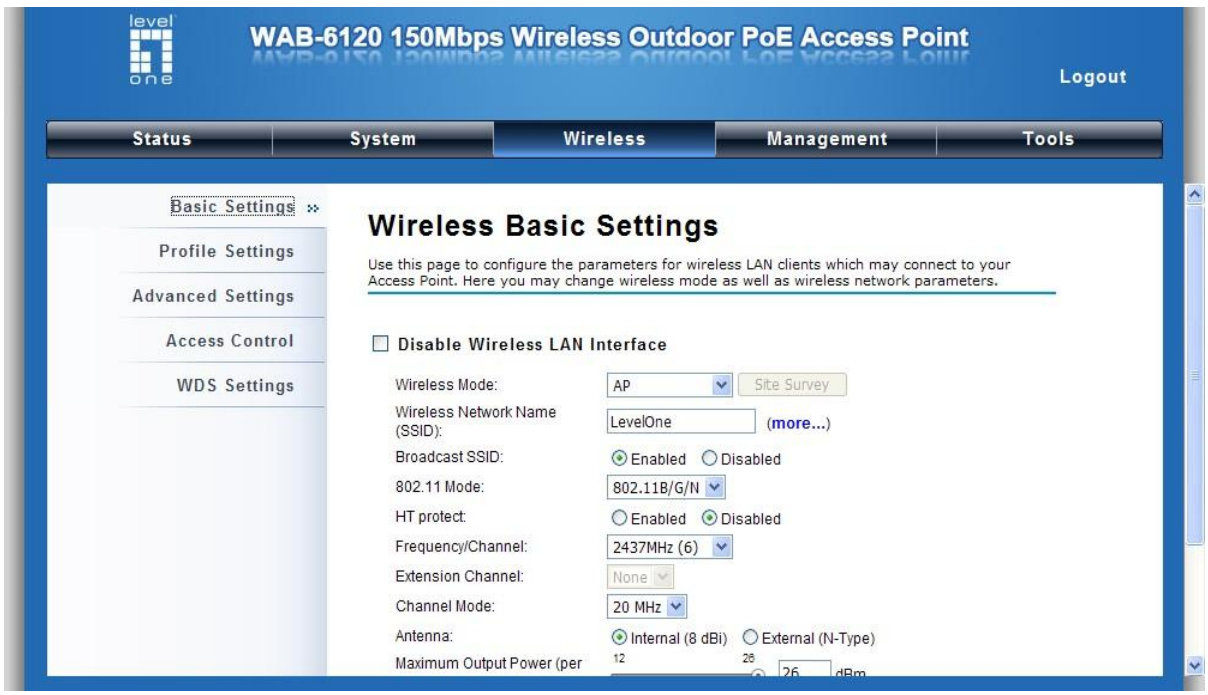


Figure 25 Basic Wireless Settings

- **Disable Wireless LAN Interface**

Check this option to disable WLAN interface, then the wireless module of LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP will stop working and no wireless device can connect to it.

- **Wireless Mode**

Four operating modes are available in LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP.

AP: The LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP establishes a wireless coverage and receives connectivity from other wireless devices.

Wireless Client: The LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP is able to connect to the AP and thus join the wireless network around it.

Bridge: The LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP establishes wireless connectivity with other APs by keying in remote MAC address. Please refer to the "WDS Setting" for detailed configuration.

AP Repeater: The LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP servers as AP and Bridge concurrently. In other words, the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP can provide connectivity services for CPEs under Bridge mode.

- **Wireless Network Name (SSID)**

This wireless network name is shared among all associated devices in your wireless network. Keep it identical on all those devices. Note that the SSID is case-sensitive and can not exceed 32 characters.

- **Broadcast SSID**

Under AP mode, hiding network name is necessary when you are in a wireless environment that may have potential risk. By disabling broadcast SSID, the STA can not scan and find LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP, so that malicious attack by some illegal STA could be avoided.

- **802.11 Mode**

The LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP can communicate with wireless devices of 802.11b/g or 802.11b/g/n.

- **HT Protect**
  - Enable HT (High Throughput) protect to ensure HT transmission with MAC mechanism. Under 802.11n mode, wireless client can be divided into HT STA and Non-HT STA, among which the one with HT protect enabled gets higher throughput.

- **Frequency/Channel**

Channel varies much as the available band differs from country to country. Select a proper

operating channel in the drop-down list according to your situation.

- **Extension Channel**

Only applicable to AP, AP Repeater, and 40MHz channel width) indicates the use of channel bonding that allows the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP to use two channels at once. Two options are available: Upper Channel and Lower Channel.

- **Channel Mode**

Four levels are available: 5MHz, 10MHz, 20MHz and 40MHz. The last one can enhance data throughput, but it takes more bandwidth, thus it might cause potential interference.

- **Antenna**

By default, LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP uses its built-in antenna for directional transmission; however, if you prefer to use an external antenna for your case-dependent applications, you can switch from “Internal (8 dBi)” to”External (N-Type)”.

When **External (N-Type)** is selected, an Antenna Gain bar will appear to allow you specify the gain of the external antenna. The antenna gain calculates the TX power back off needed to remain in compliance with regulations.

Note:

- You are able to choose “External (N-Type)” only when you have well done installing the external antenna; otherwise, it might damage LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP itself.
- The maximum output power will vary depending on the country selected in order to comply with the local regulation.
- The output power here is counted from the RF single chain only not including the 8dBi internal antenna.

- **Maximum Output Power (per chain):**

Specify the signal transmission power. The higher the output power is, the wider the signal can cover, but the power consumption will be greater accordingly.

- **Data Rate**

Usually “**Auto**” is preferred. Under this rate, the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP will automatically select the highest available rate to transmit. In some cases, however, like where there is no great demand for speed, you can have a relatively-low transmit rate for compromise of a long distance.

- **Extension Channel Protection Mode**

  This is to avoid conflict with other wireless network and boost the ability of your device to catch all 802.11g transmissions. However, it may decrease wireless network performance. Compared to CTS-Self; the transmission amount of CTS-RTS is much lower.

- **Enable MAC Clone**

  Available only under wireless client mode, it hides the MAC address of the AP while displays the one of associated wireless client or the MAC address designated manually.

Site Survey

Under wireless client mode, the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP is able to perform site survey, through which, information on the available access points will be detected.

Open "**Basic Settings**" in "**Wireless**", by clicking the "**Site Survey**" button beside "**Wireless Mode**" option, the wireless site survey window will pop up with a list of available AP in the vicinity. Select the AP you would like to connect and click "**Selected**" to establish connection.

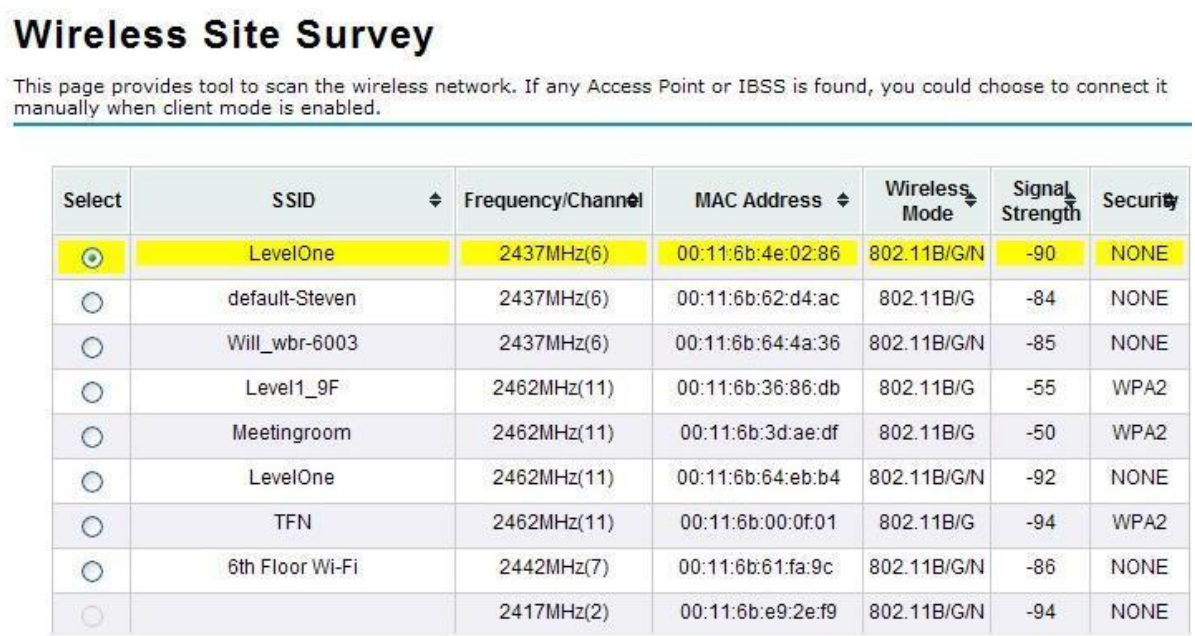


Figure 26 Site Survey

VAP Profile Settings

Available in AP mode, the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP allows up to 16 virtual SSIDs on a single BSSID and to configure different profile settings such as security and VLAN ID to each SSID. To create a virtual AP, you may check the **Enable** box of the profile and click on the profile (eg. Profile 2) to configure wireless and security settings. Hit **Apply** to active the profile.

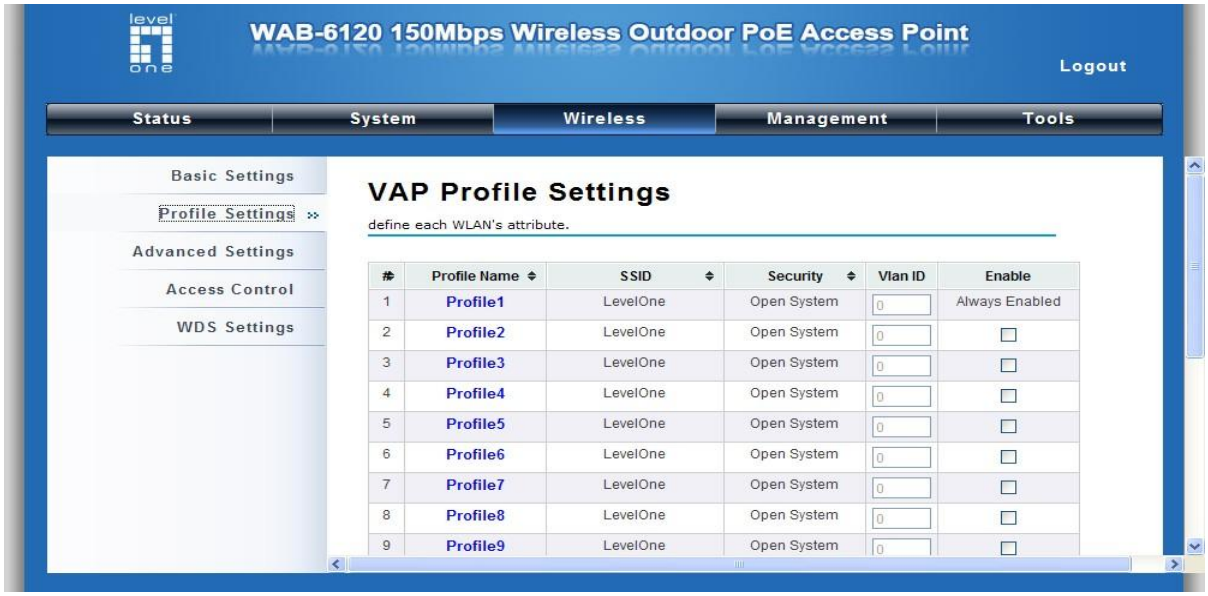


Figure 15 VAP Profile Settings

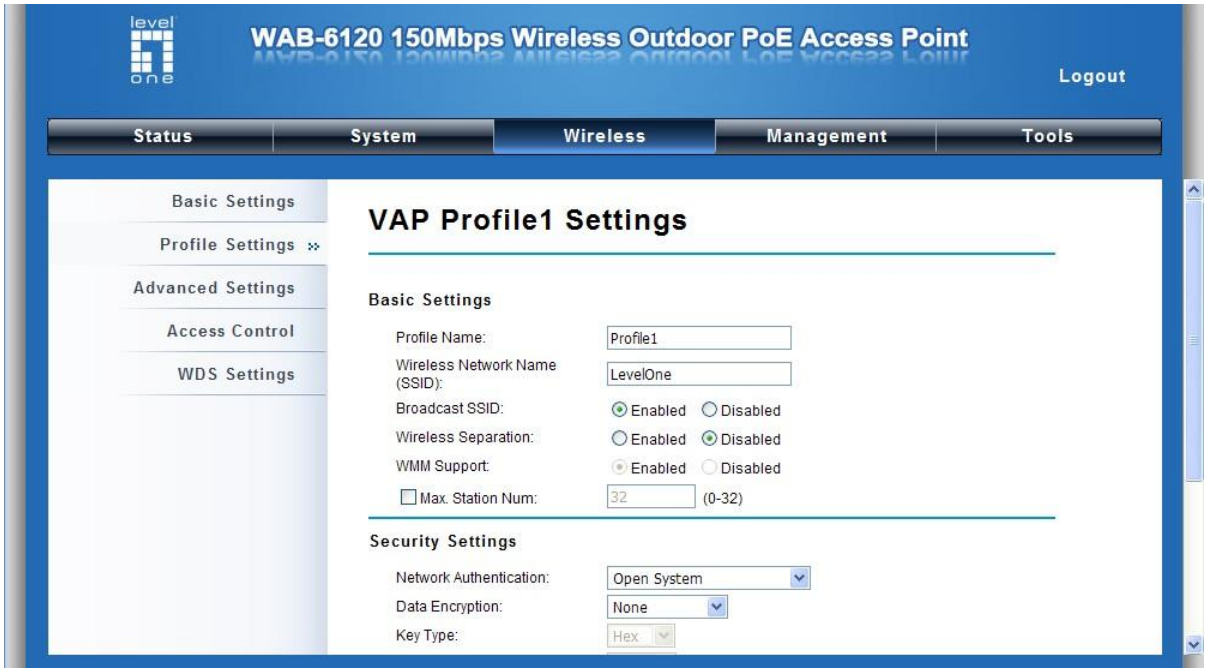


Figure 16 VAP Profile Settings

- **Basic Setting**

Profile Name: Name of the VAP profile

Wireless Network Name: Enter the virtual SSID for the VAP

Broadcast SSID: In AP mode, hiding network name is necessary when you are in a wireless environment that may have potential risk. By disabling broadcast SSID, the STA cannot scan and find the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP, so that malicious attack by some illegal STA could be avoided.

Wireless Separation: Wireless separation is an ideal way to enhance the security of network transmission. Under the mode except wireless client mode, enable "**Wireless Separation**" can prevent the communication among associated wireless clients.

WMM Support: WMM (Wi-Fi Multimedia) is a subset of 802.11e. It allows wireless communication to define a priority limit on the basis of data type under AP mode only, thus those time-sensitive data, like video/audio data, may own a higher priority than common one. To enable WMM, the wireless client should also support it

Max. Station Number: By checking the "**Max. Station Num**" the CPE will only allow up to 32 wireless clients to associate with for better bandwidth for each client. By disabling the checkbox the CPE will allow up to 128 clients to connect, but it is likely to cause network congestion or poor performance.

- **Security Setting:**

To prevent unauthorized radios from accessing data transmitting over the connectivity, the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP provides you with rock solid security settings. For detailed information please go to **Chapter 4 Wireless Security Setting**.

VLAN Tab

If your network uses VLANs, you can assign one SSID to a VLAN, and client devices using the SSID are grouped in that VLAN.

To allow users on the VLAN to access the WEB page of the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP, you need to enable "**Enable 802.1Q VLAN**" and assign a management VLAN ID for your device. Make sure the assigned management VLAN ID is identical to your network VLAN ID to avoid failures

of accessing the Web page of the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP.

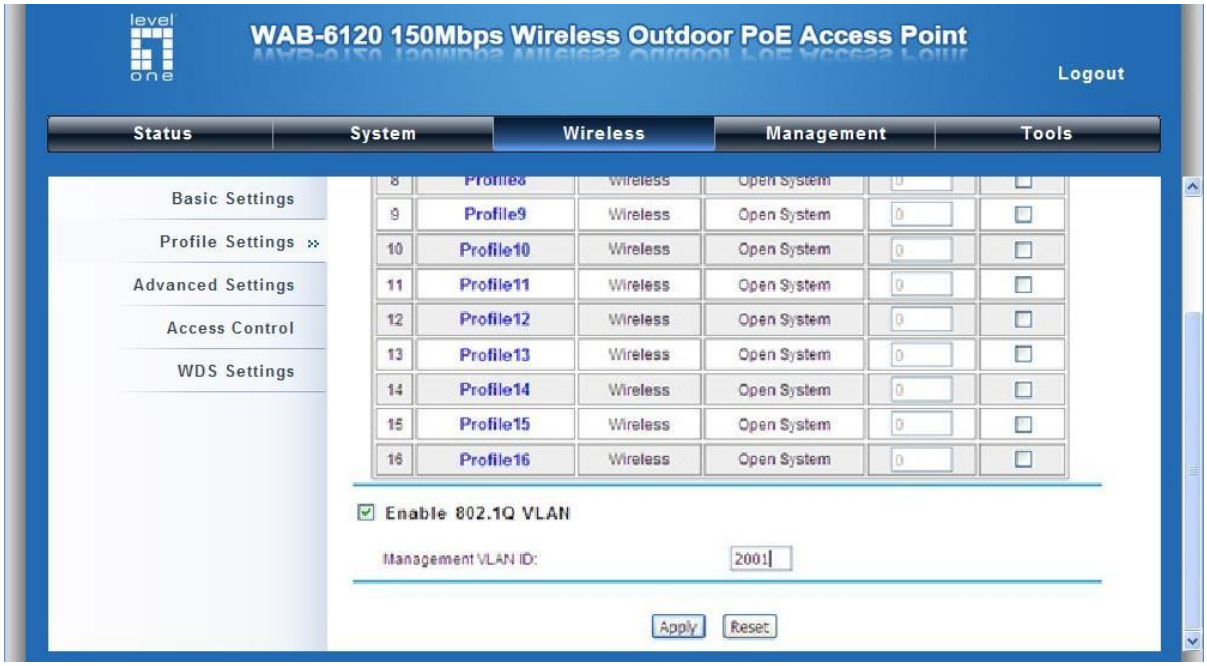


Figure 17 Management VLAN ID

Chapter 4 Advanced Settings

Advanced Wireless Settings

Open “**Advanced Settings**” in “**Wireless**” to make advanced wireless settings.

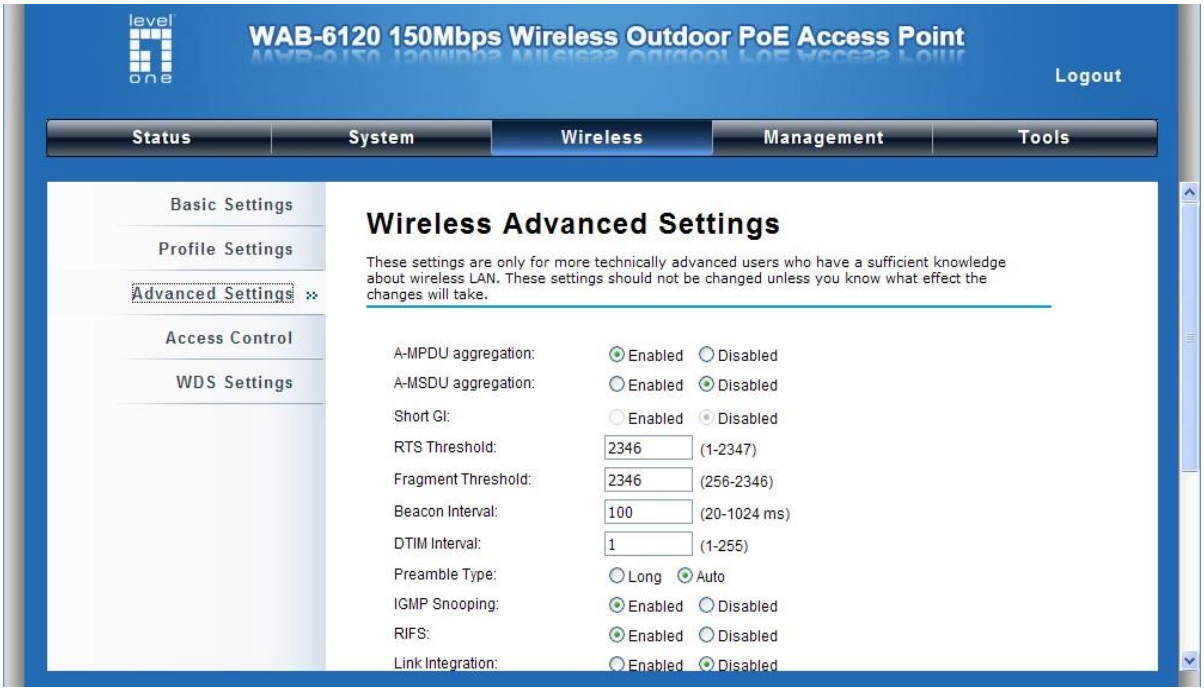


Figure 30 Advanced Wireless Settings

- **A-MPDU/A-MSDU Aggregation**

  The data rate of your AP except wireless client mode could be enhanced greatly with this option enabled; however, if your wireless clients don’t support A-MPDU/A-MSDU aggregation, it is not recommended to enable it.

- **Short GI**

  Under 802.11n mode, enable it to obtain better data rate if there is no negative compatibility issue.

- **RTS Threshold**

  The LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP sends RTS (Request to Send) frames to certain receiving station and negotiates the sending of a data frame. After receiving an RTS, that STA responds with a CTS (Clear to Send) frame to acknowledge the right to start transmission. The setting range is 0 to 2346 in byte. Setting it too low may result in poor network performance. Leave it at its default of 2346 is recommended.

- **Fragmentation Length**

Specify the maximum size in byte for a packet before data is fragmented into multiple packets. Setting it too low may result in poor network performance. Leave it at its default of 2346 is recommended.

- **Beacon Interval**

Specify the frequency interval to broadcast packets. Enter a value between 20 and 1024.

- **DTIM Interval**

DTIM, which stands for Delivery Traffic Indication Message, is contained in the data packets. It is for enhancing the wireless transmission efficiency. The default is set to 1. Enter a value between 1 and 255.

- **Preamble Type**

It defines some details on the 802.11 physical layer. "**Long**" and "**Auto**" are available.

- **IGMP Snooping**

Available in AP/Router mode, IGMP snooping is the process of listening to IGMP network traffic. By enabling IGMP snooping, the AP will listen to IGMP membership reports, queries and leave messages to identify the ports that are members of multicast groups. Multicast traffic will only be forwarded to ports identified as members of the specific multicast group or groups.

- **RIFS**

RIFS (Reduced Interframe Spacing) is a means of reducing overhead and thereby increasing network efficiency.

- **Link Integration**

Available under AP/Bridge/AP repeater mode, it monitors the connection on the Ethernet port by checking "**Enabled**". It can inform the associating wireless clients as soon as the disconnection occurs.

- **TDM Coordination**

Stands for "Time-Division Multiplexing Technique", this resource reservation control mechanisms can avoid packet collisions and send the packets much more efficiently allowing for higher effective throughput rates. This function is only available in AP/CPE mode. It is highly recommended to enable TDM coordination when there are multiple CPEs needed to connect to the AP in your application.

- **LAN2LAN CPE**

  LAN2LAN CPE mode enables packet forwarding at layer 2 level. It is fully transparent for all the Layer2 protocols.

- **Space in Meter**

  To decrease the chances of data retransmission at long distance, the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP can automatically adjust proper ACK timeout value by specifying distance of the two nodes.

- **Flow Control**

  It allows the administrator to specify the incoming and outgoing traffic limit by checking "**Enable Traffic Shaping**". This is only available in Router mode.

Note:

- We strongly recommend you leave most advanced settings at their defaults except "Distance in Meters" adjusted the parameter for real distance; any modification on them may negatively impact the performance of your wireless network.

Wireless Security Settings

To prevent unauthorized radios from accessing data transmitting over the connectivity, the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP provides you with rock solid security settings.

Security Settings

Open "**Security Settings**" in "**Wireless**" as below:

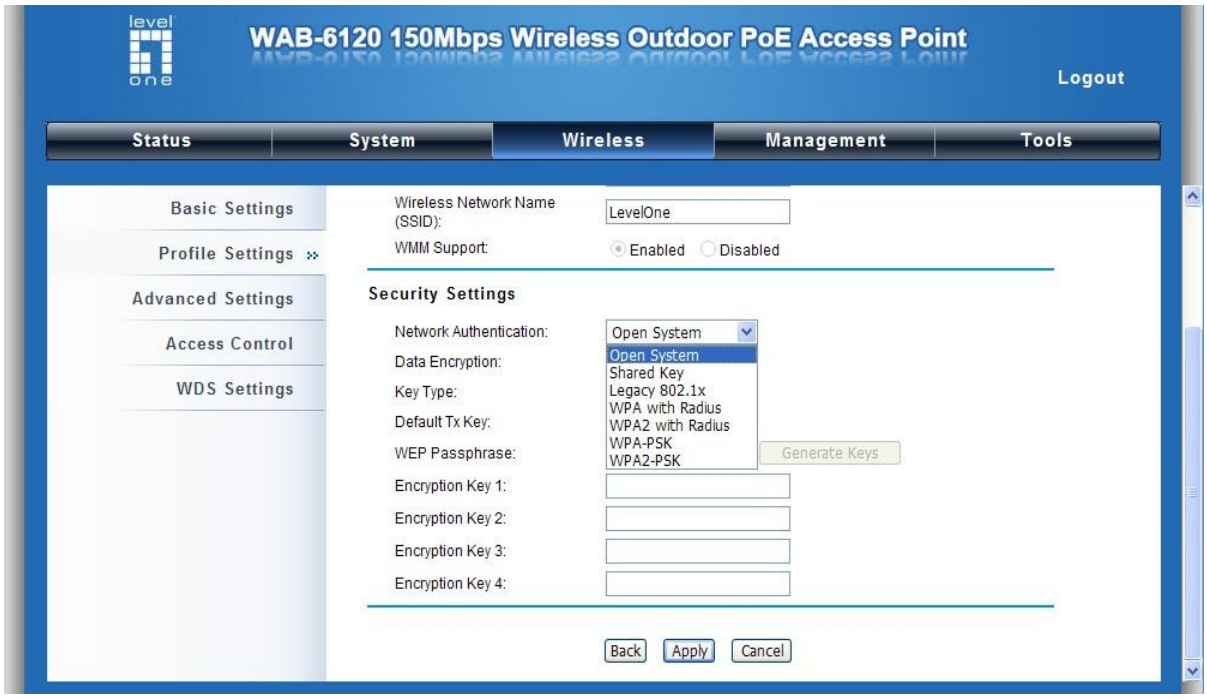


Figure 31 Security Settings

- **Network Authentication**

Open System: It allows any device to join the network without performing any security check.

Shared Key: Data encryption and key are required for wireless authentication (Not available in Bridge/AP Repeater mode).

Legacy 802.1x: Available in AP/Wireless Client mode, it provides the rights to access the wireless network and wired Ethernet. With User and PC identity, centralized authentication as well as dynamic key management, it controls the security risk of wireless network to the lowest. To serve the 802.1x, at least one EAP type should be supported by the RADIUS Server, AP and wireless client.

Note:

- For first time users, if EAP type "TLS" is selected, you need to import valid user certificate given by CA in prior. To import user certificates, please refer to Chapter 5 Management/Certificate Settings for more details. .

WPA with RADIUS: Available in AP/Wireless Client mode, with warrant (username, password and etc.) offered by user, this kind of authentication can be realized with specific RADIUS server. This is the common way to be adopted in large enterprise network.

WPA2 with RADIUS: Available in AP/Wireless Client mode, as a new version of WPA, only all the

clients support WPA2, can it be available. If it is selected, AES encryption and RADIUS server is required. It is only available in AP/Wireless Client mode.

WPA&WPA2 with RADIUS: Available in AP mode, it provides options of WPA (TKIP) or WPA2 (AES) for the client. If it is selected, the data encryption type must be TKIP + AES and the RADIUS server must be set.

WPA-PSK: It is a simplified WPA mode with no need for specific authentication server. In this so-called WPA Pre-Shared Key, all you have to do is just pre-enter a key in each WLAN node and this is the common way to be adopted in large and middle enterprise as well as residential network.

WPA2-PSK: As a new version of WPA, only all the clients support WPA2, can it be available. If it is selected, the data encryption can only be AES and the passphrase is required.

WPA-PSK&WPA2-PSK: Available in AP mode, it provides options of WPA (TKIP) or WPA2 (AES) encryption for the client. If it is selected, the data encryption can only be TKIP + AES and the passphrase is required.

- **Data Encryption**

If data encryption is enabled, the key is required and only sharing the same key with other wireless devices can the communication be established.

None: Available only when the authentication type is open system.

64 bits WEP: It is made up of 10 hexadecimal numbers.

128 bits WEP: It is made up of 26 hexadecimal numbers.

152 bits WEP: It is made up of 32 hexadecimal numbers.

TKIP: Temporal Key Integrity Protocol, which is a kind of dynamic encryption, is co-used with WPA-PSK, etc.

AES: Advanced Encryption Standard, it is usually co-used with WPA2-PSK, WPA, WPA2, etc.

TKIP + AES: It allows for backwards compatibility with devices using TKIP.

Note:

- We strongly recommend you enable wireless security on your network!
- Only setting the same Authentication, Data Encryption and Key in the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP and other associated wireless devices, can the communication be established!

Access Control

The Access Control appoints the authority to wireless client on accessing LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP, thus a further security mechanism is provided. This function is available only under AP mode.

Open “**Access Control**” in “**Wireless**” as below.

Figure 32 Access Control

- **Access Control Mode**

  If you select “**Allow Listed**”, only those clients whose wireless MAC addresses are in the access control list will be able to connect to your AP. While when “**Deny Listed**” is selected, those wireless clients on the list will not be able to connect the AP.

- **MAC Address**

  Enter the MAC address of the wireless client that you would like to list into the access control list, click “**Apply**” then it will be added into the table at the bottom.

- **Delete Selected/All**

  Check the box before one or more MAC addresses of wireless client(s) that you would like to cancel, and click “**Delete Selected**” or “**Delete All**” to cancel that access control rule.

WDS Settings

Extend the range of your network without having to use cables to link the Access Points by using the Wireless Distribution System (WDS): Simply put, you can link the Access Points wirelessly. Open "**WDS Settings**" in "**Wireless**" as below:

Figure 33 WDS Settings

Enter the MAC address of another AP you wirelessly want to connect to into the appropriate field and click "**Apply**" to save settings.

- **WDS separation**

  WDS separation can separate the data connection when there are more than 3 WAB-6120 devices connect in WDS mode. Ex, A,B,C connect in WDS mode, A<->B, B<->C, you can enable WDS separation to interrupt the data transfer between A and C.

Note:

- WDS Settings is available only under Bridge and AP Repeater Mode.
- Bridge uses the WDS protocol that is not defined as the standard thus compatibility issues between equipment from different vendors may arise. Moreover, Tree or Star shape network topology should be used in all WDS use-cases (i.e. if AP2 and AP3 are specified as the WDS peers of AP1, AP2 should not be specified as the WDS peer of AP3 and AP3 should not be specified as the WDS peer of AP2 in any case). Mesh and Ring network topologies are not supported by WDS and should be avoided in all the use cases.

Chapter 5 Management

Remote Management

The LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP provides a variety of remotes managements including Telnet, SNMP, FTP, SSH, HTTPS and exclusive WISE tool, making configuration more convenient and secure.

With **Normal** selected, Telnet, SNMP and FTP are activated as default remote management options. To use secure management tools such as SSH, HTTPS and WISE, please select "**Secure**". You may also choose "**Customized**" to enable any methods as desired.

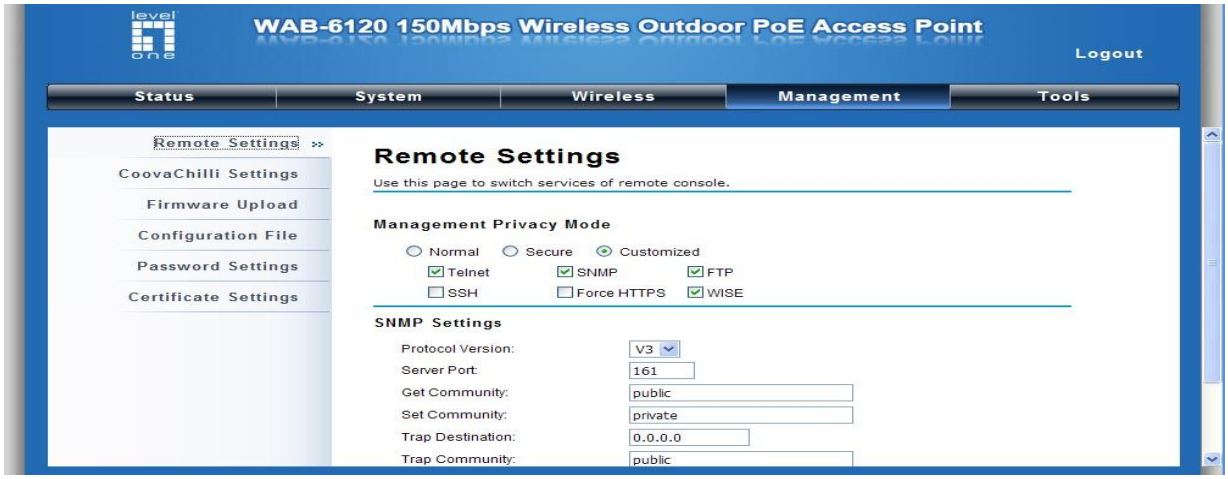


Figure 18 Remote Settings

SNMP Management

The LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP supports SNMP for convenient remote management. Open "**Remote Settings**" in "**Management**" shown below. Set the SNMP parameters and obtain MIB file before remote management.

Figure 35 SNMP Configuration

- **Protocol Version**

  Select the SNMP version, and keep it identical on the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP and the SNMP manager. The LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP supports SNMP v2/v3.

- **Server Port**

  Change the server port for a service if needed; however you have to use the same port to use that service for remote management.

- **Get Community**

  Specify the password for the incoming Get and GetNext requests from the management station. By default, it is set to public and allows all requests.

- **Set Community**

  Specify the password for the incoming Set requests from the management station. By default, it is set to private.

- **Trap Destination**

  Specify the IP address of the station to send the SNMP traps to.

- **Trap Community**

  Specify the password sent with each trap to the manager. By default, it is set to public and allows all requests.

Configure SNMPv3 User Profile

For SNMP protocol version 3, you can click “**Configure SNMPv3 User Profile**” in blue to set the details of SNMPv3 user. Check “**Enable SNMPv3 Admin/User**” in advance and make further configuration.

Figure 36 Configure SNMPv3 User Profile

- **User Name**

  Specify a user name for the SNMPv3 administrator or user. Only the SNMP commands carrying this user name are allowed to access the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP.

- **Password**

  Specify a password for the SNMPv3 administrator or user. Only the SNMP commands carrying this password are allowed to access the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP.

- **Confirm Password**

  Input that password again to make sure it is your desired one.

- **Access Type**

  Select “**Read Only**” or “**Read and Write**” accordingly.

- **Authentication Protocol**

  Select an authentication algorithm. SHA authentication is stronger than MD5 but is slower.

- **Privacy Protocol**

  Specify the encryption method for SNMP communication. None and DES are available.

  None: No encryption is applied.

DES: Data Encryption Standard, it applies a 58-bit key to each 64-bit block of data.

Coovachilli Settings

Coovachilli is a captive portal management which allows WLAN users to easily and securely access the Internet. Under Router mode, when Coovachilli is enabled, the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP Access Point will force an HTTP client on a network to see a special web page (usually for authentication purposes) before using the Internet normally. At that time the browser is redirected to a web page which may require authentication. Captive portals are used at most Wi-Fi hotspots. Therefore, to use Coovachilli, you need to find Coovachilli service providers that have the additional services needed to make Coovahcilli work.

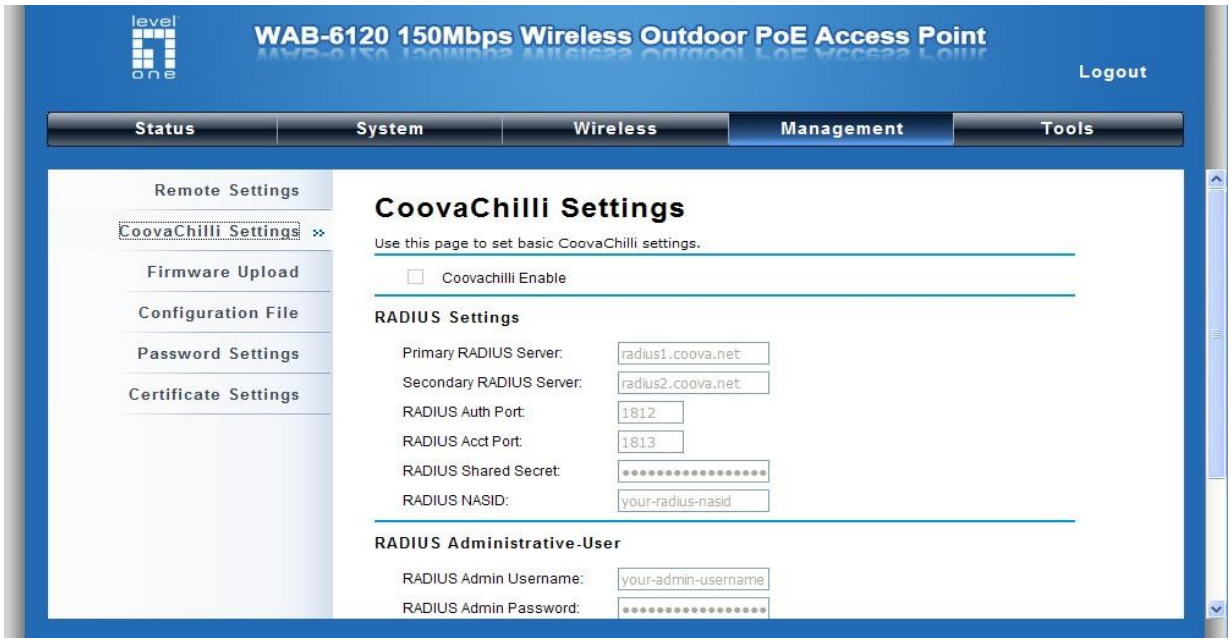


Figure 19 Coovachilli Settings

Radius Settings

- **Primary Radius Server**

  Enter the name or IP address of the primary radius server

- **Secondary Radius Server**

  Enter the name or IP address of the primary radius server if any.

- **Radius Auth Port:**

  Enter the port number for authentication

- **Radius Acct Port:**

Enter the port number for billing

- **Radius Shared Secret:**

  Enter the secret key of the radius server

- **Radius NAS ID:**

  Enter the name of the radius server if any

Radius Administrative-User

- **Radius Admin Username:**

  Enter the username of the Radius Administrator

- **Radius Admin Password:**

  Enter the password of the Radius Administrator

Captive Portal

- **UAM Portal URL:**

  Enter the address of the UAM portal server

- **UAM Secret:**

  Enter the secret password between the redirect URL and the Hotspot.

Upgrade Firmware

Open "**Firmware Upload**" in "**Management**" and follow the steps below to upgrade firmware locally or remotely through LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP's Web:

Figure 20 Upgrade Firmware

- Click “**Browse**” to select the firmware file you would like to load;
- Click “**Upload**” to start the upload process;
- Wait a moment, the system will reboot after successful upgrade.

Note:

- Do NOT cut the power off during upgrade, otherwise the system may crash!

Backup/ Retrieve Settings

It is strongly recommended you back up configuration information in case of something unexpected. If tragedy hits your device, you may have an access to restore the important files by the backup. All these can be done by the local or remote computer.

Open “**Configuration File**” in “**Management**” as below:

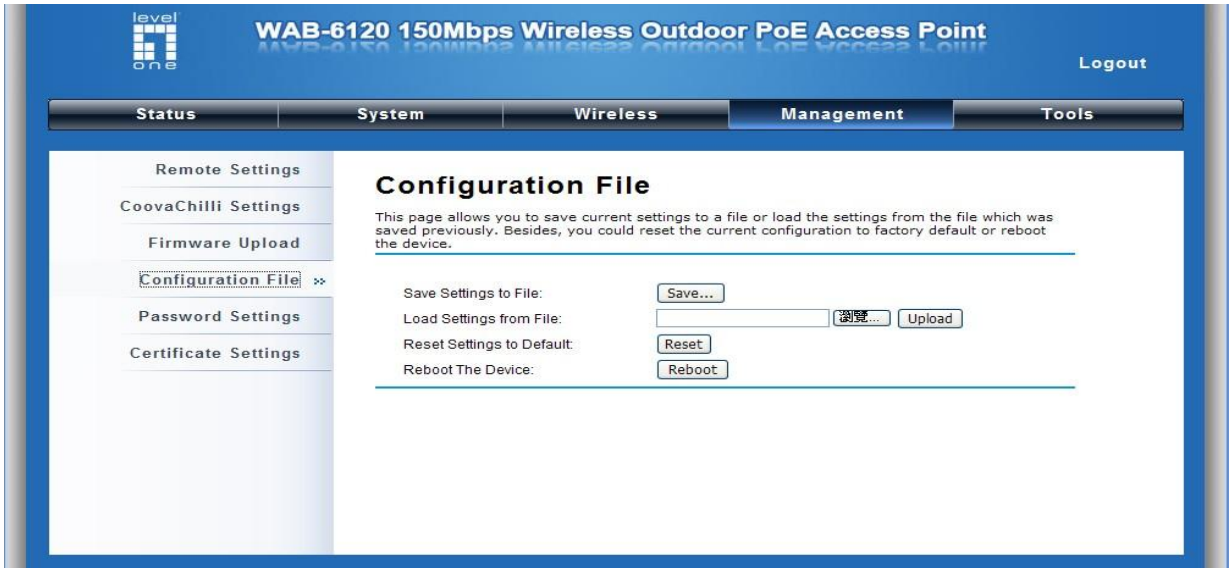


Figure 21 Backup/Retrieve Settings

- **Save Setting to File**

  By clicking “**Save**”, a dialog box will pop up. Save it, then the configuration file **ap.cfg** will be generated and saved to your local computer.

- **Load Settings from File**

  By clicking “**Browse**”, a file selection menu will appear, select the file you want to load, like **ap.cfg**; Click “**Upload**” to load the file. After automatically rebooting, new settings are applied.

Restore Factory Default Settings

The LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP provides two ways to restore the factory default settings:

- **Restore factory default settings via Web**

  From "**Configuration File**", clicking "**Reset**" will eliminate all current settings and reboot your device, then default settings are applied.

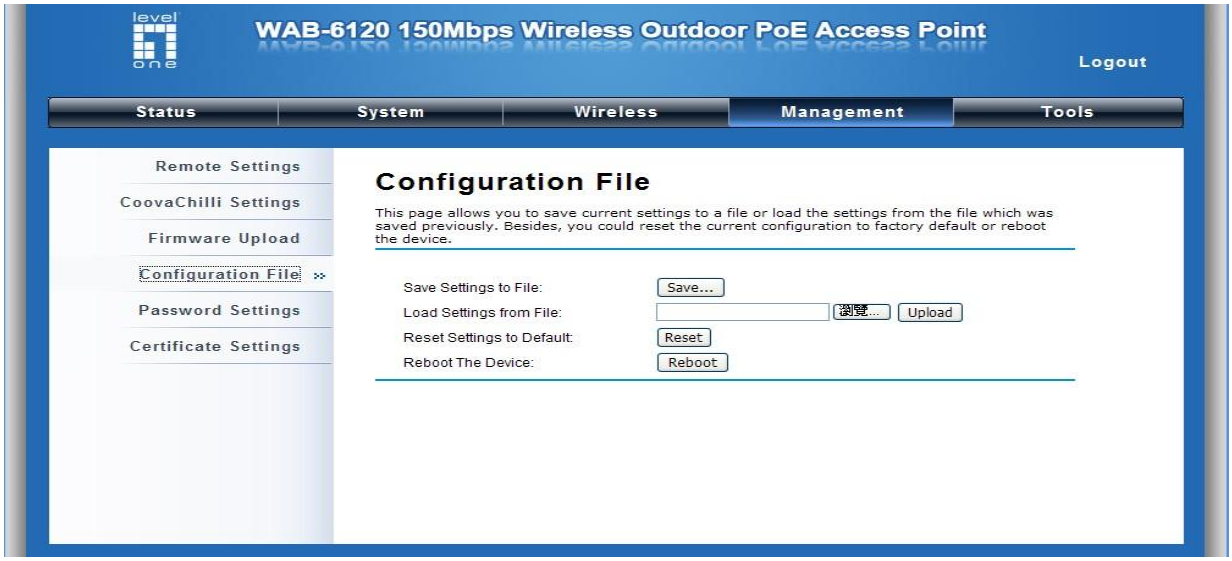


Figure 22 Restore Settings

- **Restore factory default settings via Reset Button**

  If software in LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP is unexpectedly crashed and no longer reset the unit via Web, you may do hardware reset via the reset button. Press and hold the button for at least 5 seconds and then release it until the PWR LED gives a blink.

Reboot

You can reboot your LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP from "**Configuration File**" in "**Management**" as below:

Click "**Reboot**" and hit "**Yes**" upon the appeared prompt to start reboot process. This takes a few minutes.

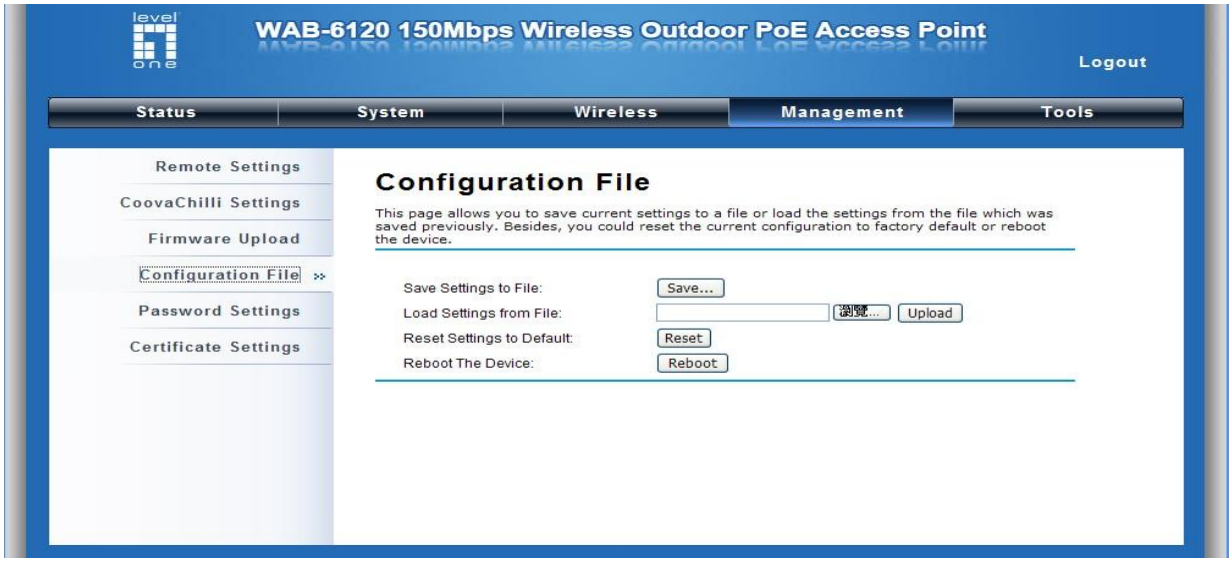


Figure 23 Reboot

Password

From "**Password Settings**" in "**Management**", you can change the password to manage your LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP.

Enter the new password respectively in "**New Password**" and "**Confirm Password**" fields; click "**Apply**" to save settings.

Figure 24 Password

Note:

- The password is case-sensitive and its length cannot exceed 19 characters!

Certificate Settings

Under Client mode, when EAP-TLS is used, the RADIUS server must know which user certificates to trust. The Server can trust all certificates issued by a given CA.

To import a user certificate, from Import User Certificates, click “**Browse**” and specify the location where the user certificate is placed. Click “**Import**”.

Figure 25 Certificate Settings

Chapter 6 Monitoring Tools

System Log

System log is used for recording events occurred on the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP, including station connection, disconnection, system reboot and etc.

Open “**System Log**” in “**Tools**” as below.

Figure 26 System Log

- **Remote Syslog Server**

Enable Remote Syslog: Enable System log to alert remote server.

IP Address: Specify the IP address of the remote server.

Port: Specify the port number of the remote server.

Site Survey

Only available under Wireless Client mode, site survey allows you to scan all the APs within coverage.

Open “**Site Survey**” in “**Tools**” as below and select the desired AP to connect.

Figure 27 Site Survey

Ping Watch Dog

If you mess your connection up and cut off your ability the log in to the unit, the ping watchdog has a chance to reboot due to loss of connectivity.

Figure 28 Ping Watchdog

- **Ping Watchdog**

Enable Ping Watchdog: To activate ping watchdog, check this checkbox.

IP Address to Ping: Specify the IP address of the remote unit to ping.

Ping Interval: Specify the interval time to ping the remote unit.

Startup Delay: Specify the startup delay time to prevent reboot before the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP is fully initialized.

Failure Count To Reboot: If the ping timeout packets reached the value, the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP will reboot automatically.

Date Rate Test

The Data Rate Test allows you test the current RSSI at each data rate between your LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE APs.

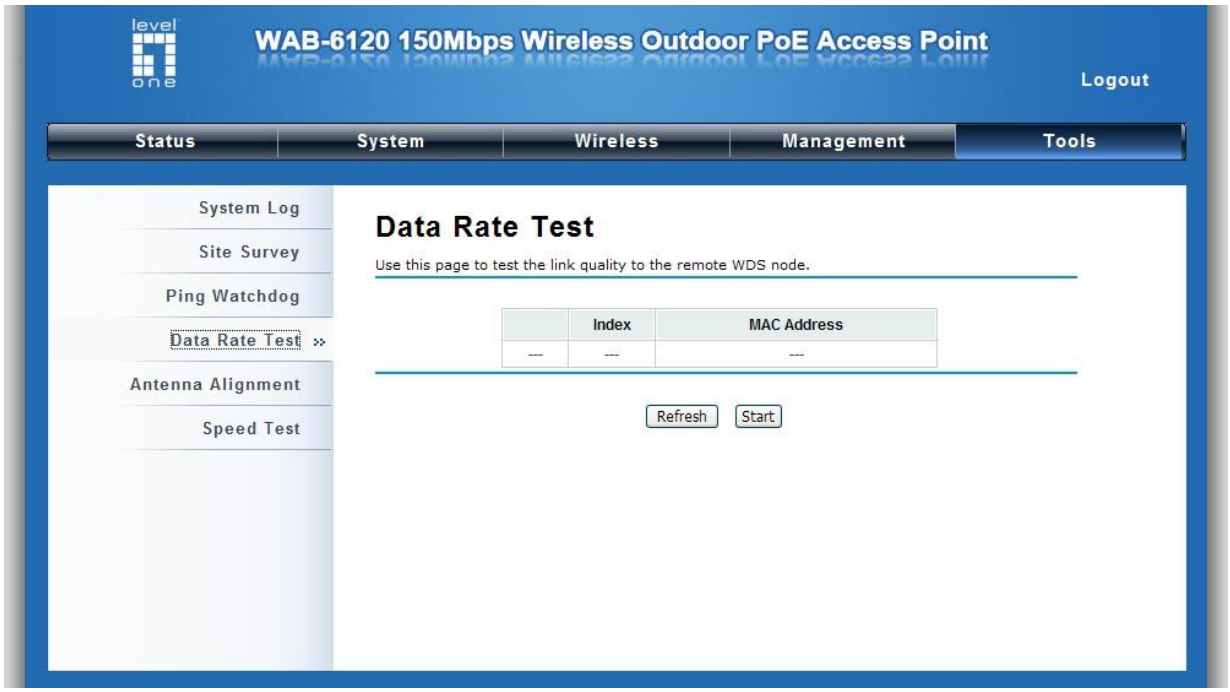


Figure 29 Data Rate Test

Antenna Alignment

Under Bridge mode, when the bridges are not easily visible from the location where the dish will be installed, the antenna alignment tool can help you evaluate the position of the unit and adjust the angle of the antenna more precisely. Keep it that in real circumstances a lot of additional factors should be taken into account when your unit is installed. These factors include various obstacles (buildings, trees), the landscape, the altitude, transponder orientation, polarization, etc.

To use the tool, select the desired remote WDS bridge and click “Start”, the web page will display the measured signal strength, RSSI and transmit/receive packets. If the signal quality is not quite good, try to adjust the antenna and see if the quality improves or not.

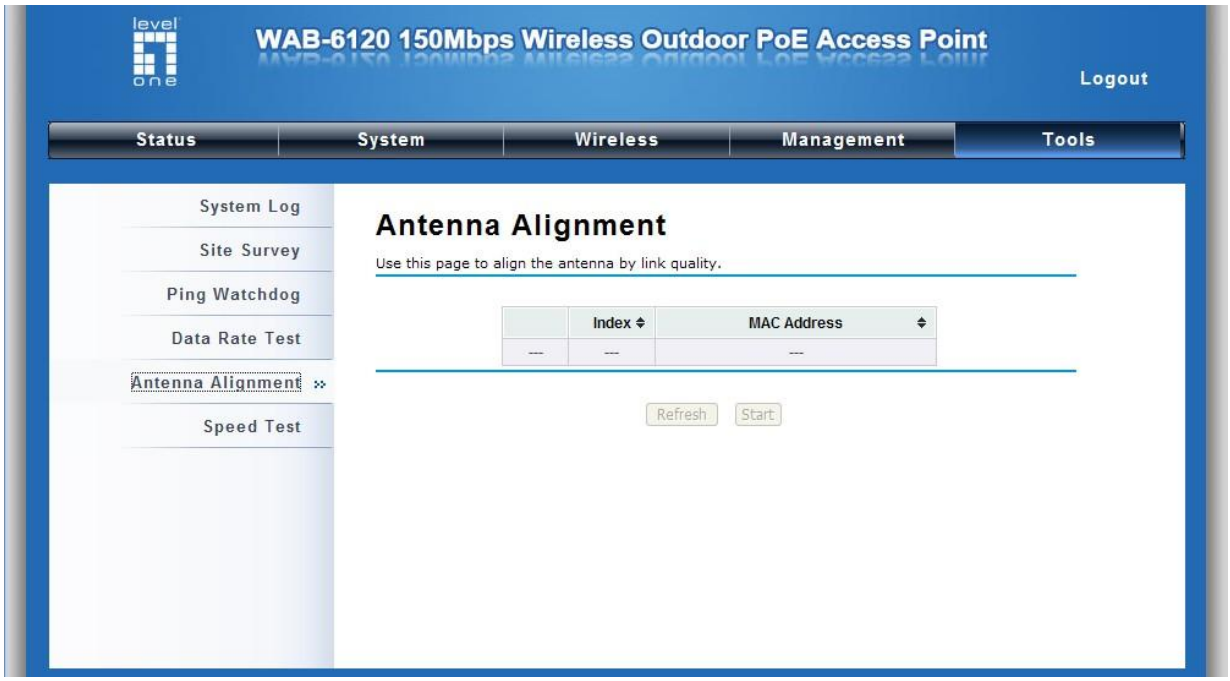


Figure 30 Antenna Alignment

Speed Test

The speed test is to monitor the current data transmission (TX) and data reception (RX) rate with the remote LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP. Enter the IP address of the remote CPE, type in the user name/password and click “**Test**”. The result will display in the bottom **STATUS**. You may test single TX/RX or bi-direction.

Figure 31 Speed Test

Chapter 7 Status

View Basic Information

Open “**Information**” in “**Status**” to check the basic information of the CPE, which is read only. Information includes system information, LAN settings, wireless setting and interface status. Click “**Refresh**” at the bottom to have the real-time information.

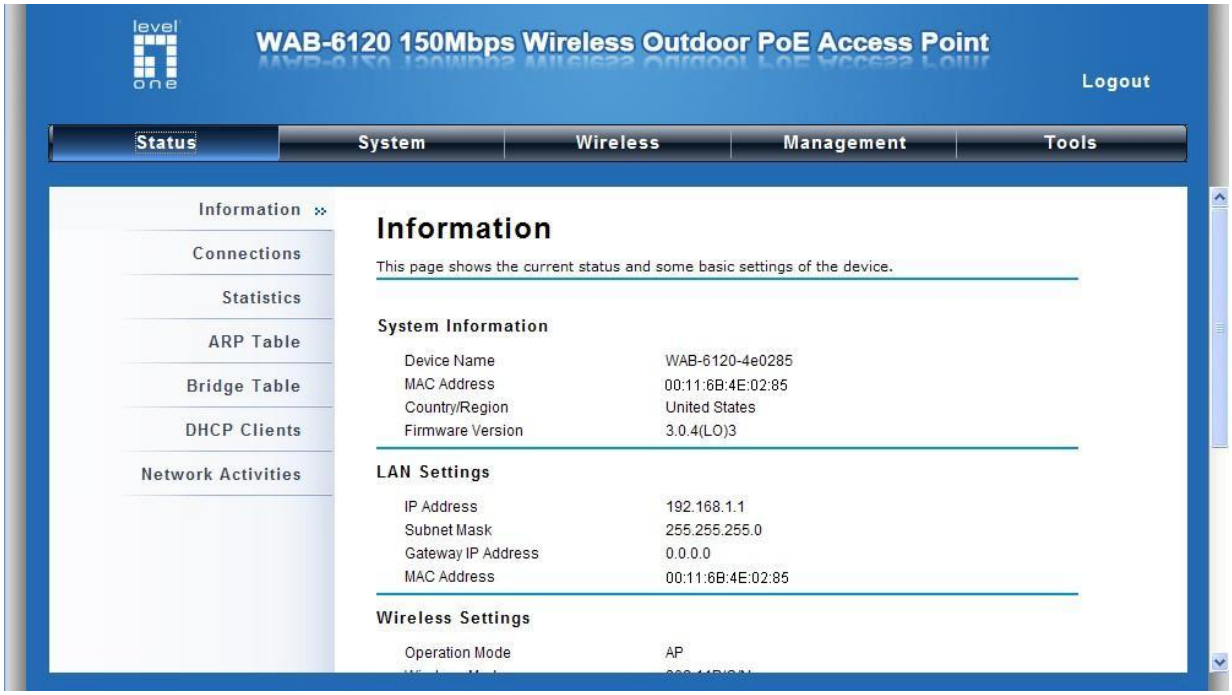


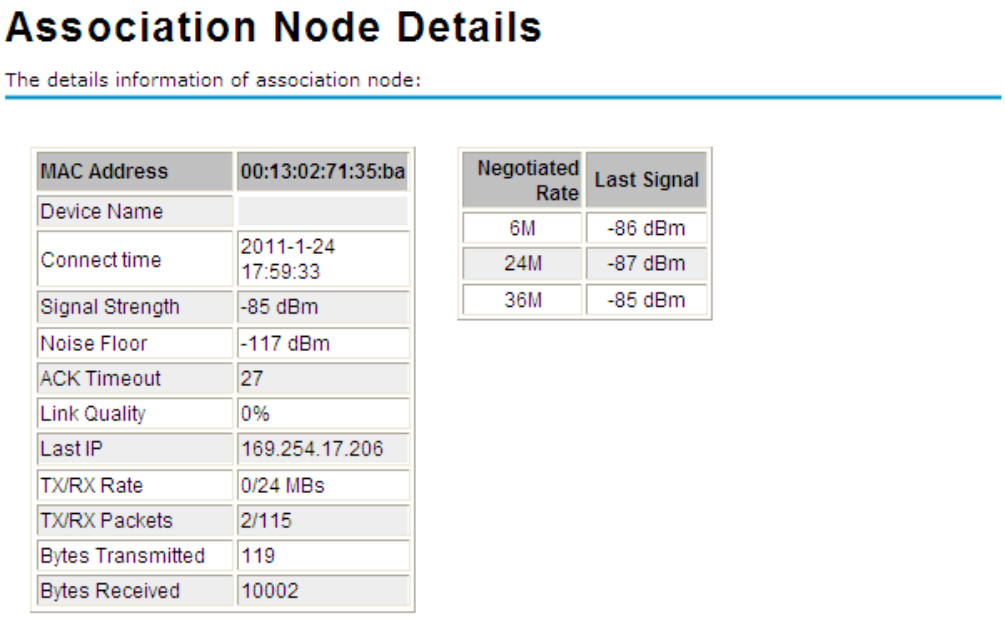
Figure 50 Basic Information

View Association List

Open “**Connections**” in “**Status**” to check the information of associated wireless devices such as MAC address, signal strength, connection time, IP address, etc. All is read only. Click “**Refresh**” at the bottom to update the current association list.

Figure 51 Connection

By clicking on the MAC address of the selected device on the web you may see more details including device name, connection time, signal strength, noise floor, ACK timeout, link quality, IP information, current data rate, current TX/RX packets.



View Network Flow Statistics

Open “**Statistics**” in “**Status**” to check the data packets received on and transmitted from the wireless and Ethernet ports. Click “**Refresh**” to view current statistics.

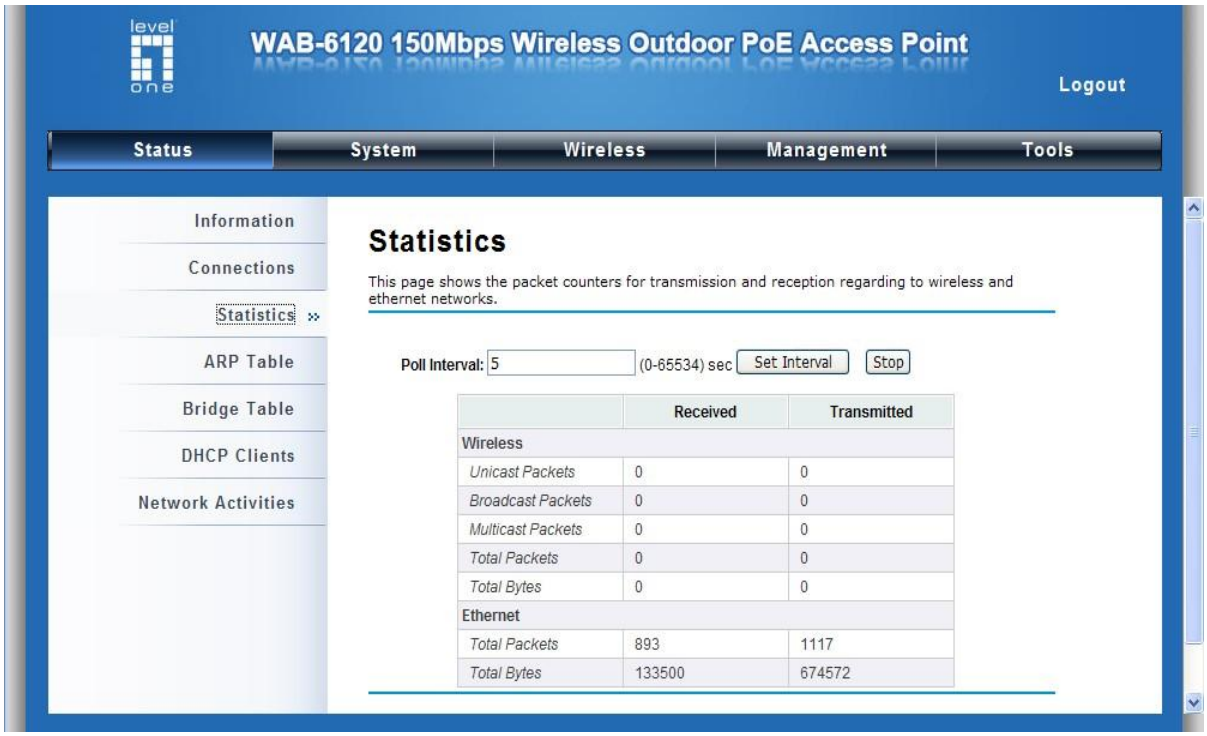


Figure 52 Network Flow Statistics

- **Poll Interval**

  Specify the refresh time interval in the box beside "**Poll Interval**" and click "**Set Interval**" to save settings. "**Stop**" helps to stop the auto refresh of network flow statistics.

View ARP Table

Open "**ARP Table**" in "**Status**" as below. Click "**Refresh**" to view current table.

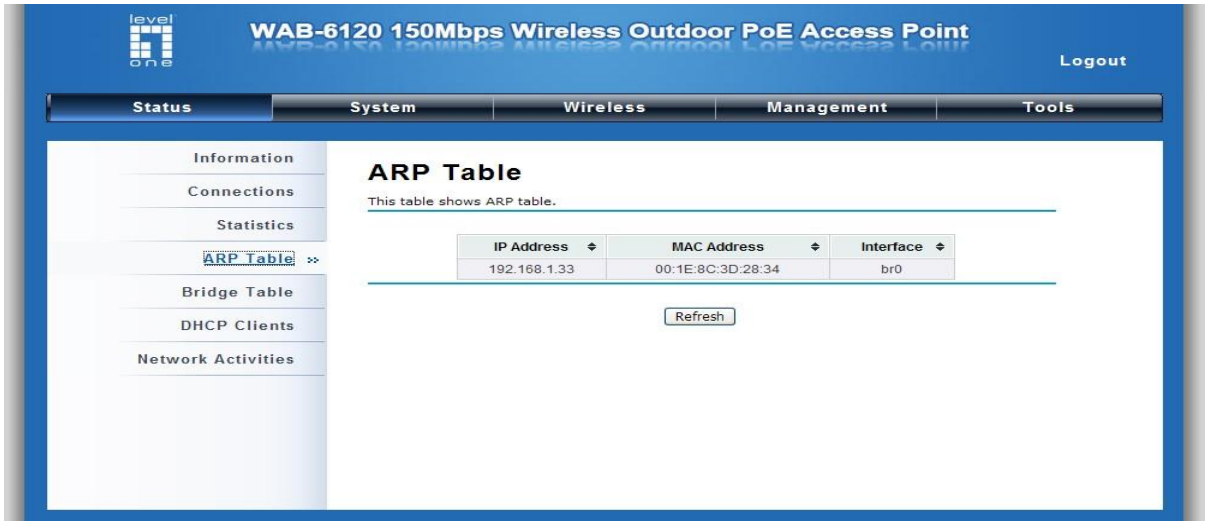


Figure 53 ARP Table

View Bridge Table

Open “**Bridge Table**” in “**Status**” as below. Click “**Refresh**” to view current connected status..

Figure 54 Bridge

View Active DHCP Client Table

Open “**DHCP Client List**” in “**Status**” as below to check the assigned IP address, MAC address and time expired for each DHCP leased client. Click “**Refresh**” to view current table.

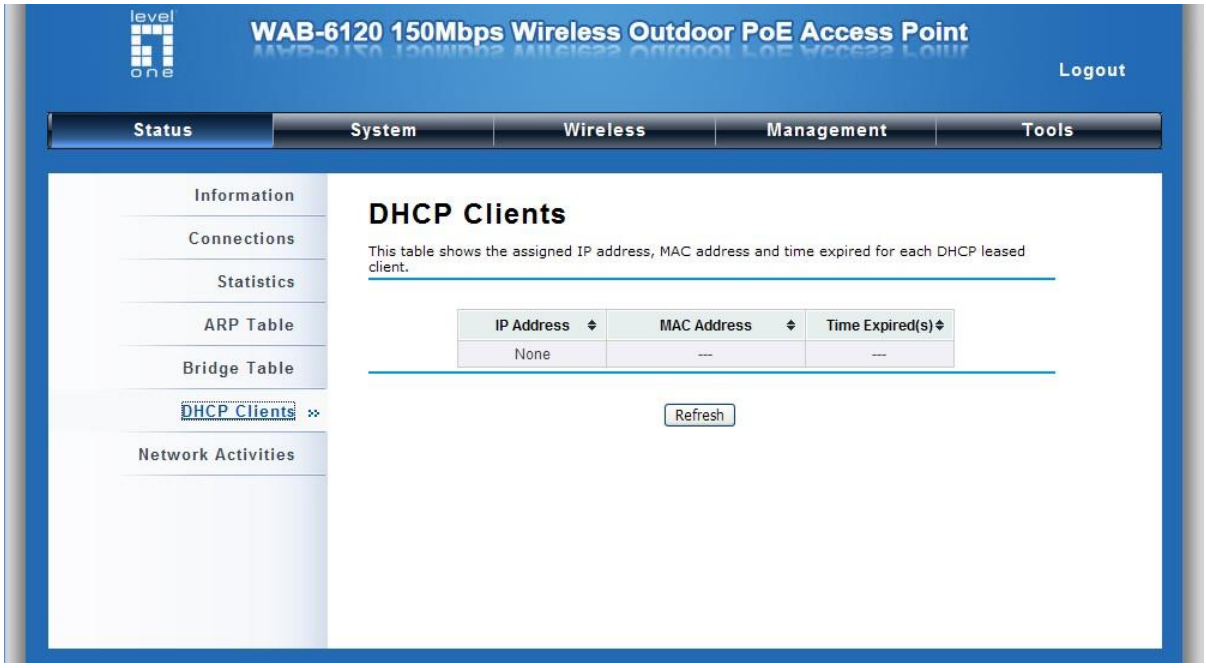


Figure 55 DHCP Client Table

View Network Activities

The network activities allows you to monitor the current Wireless and Ethernet TX/RX data traffic in graphical and numerical form on the Web of the device. The chart scale and throughput dimension (Bps, Kbps, Mbps) changes dynamically according to the mean throughput value. Throughput statistics can be updated manually using the "**Refresh***"* button.

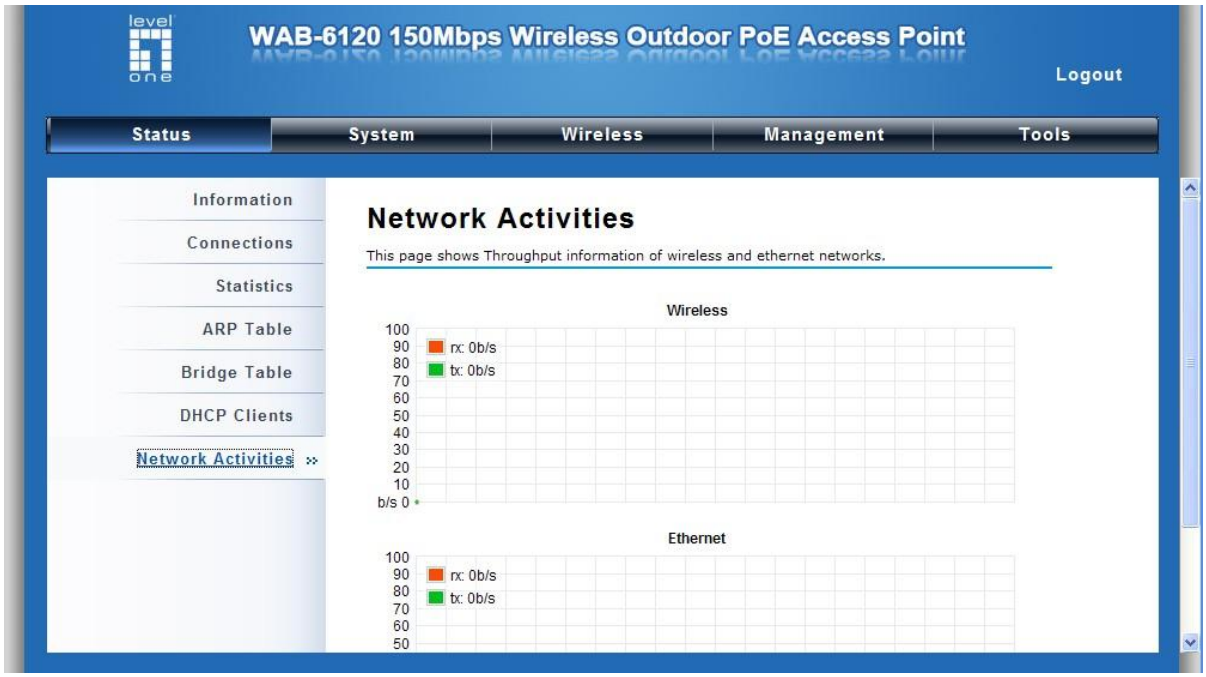


Figure 32 Network Activities

Chapter 8 Troubleshooting

This chapter provides troubleshooting procedures for basic problems with the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP. For warranty assistance, contact your service provider or distributor for the process.

Q 1. How to know the MAC address of LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP?

MAC Address distinguishes itself by the unique identity among network devices. There are two ways available to know it.

- Each device has a label posted with the MAC address. Please refer below.

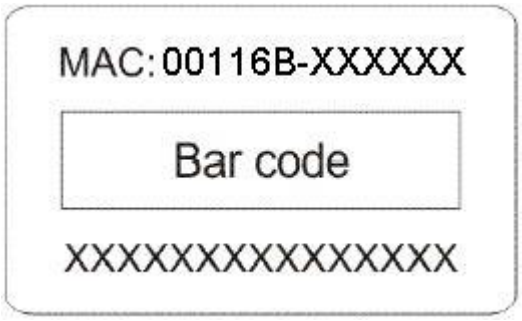


Figure 57 MAC Address

- On the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP Web-based management interface, you can view the MAC Address from "View Basic Information".

Q 2. What if I would like to reset the unit to default settings?

You may restore factory default settings in "**Configuration File**" from "**Management**".

Q 3. What if I would like to backup and retrieve my configuration settings?

You may do the backup by generating a configuration file or retrieve the settings you have backed up previously in "**Configuration File**" from "**Management**".

Q 4. What if I can not access the Web-based management interface?

Please check the followings:

- Check whether the power supply is OK; Try to power on the unit again.
- Check whether the IP address of PC is correct (in the same network segment as the unit);

- Login the unit via other browsers such as Firefox.
- Hardware reset the unit.

Q 5. What if the wireless connection is not stable after associating with an AP under wireless client mode?

- Since the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP comes with a built-in directional antenna, it is recommended make the LEVELONE 150MBPS WIRELESS POE AP face to the direction where the AP is to get the best connection quality.
- In addition, you can start "**Site Survey**" in "**Wireless Basic Settings**" to check the signal strength. If it is weak or unstable (The smaller the number is, the weaker the signal strength is.), please join other available AP for better connection.

Appendix A. ASCII

WEP can be configured with a 64-bit, 128-bit or 152-bit Shared Key (hexadecimal number or ACSII). As defined, hexadecimal number is represented by 0-9, A-F or a-f; ACSII is represented by 0-9, A-F, a-f or punctuation. Each one consists of two-digit hexadecimal.

Table 2 ACSII

ASCII Character	Hex Equivalent	ASCII Character	Hex Equivalent	ASCII Character	Hex Equivalent	ASCII Character	Hex Equivalent
!	21	9	39	Q	51	i	69
"	22	:	3A	R	52	j	6A
#	23	;	3B	S	53	k	6B
$	24	<	3C	T	54	l	6C
%	25	=	3D	U	55	m	6D
&	26	>	3E	V	56	n	6E
‘	27	?	3F	W	57	o	6F
(	28	@	40	X	58	p	70
)	29	A	41	Y	59	q	71
*	2A	B	42	Z	5A	r	72
+	2B	C	43	[	5B	s	73
,	2C	D	44	\	5C	t	74
-	2D	E	45	]	5D	u	75
.	2E	F	46	^	5E	v	76
/	2F	G	47	_	5F	w	77
0	30	H	48	`	60	x	78
1	31	I	49	a	61	y	79
2	32	J	4A	b	62	z	7A
3	33	K	4B	c	63	{	7B
4	34	L	4C	d	64	|	7C
5	35	M	4D	e	65	}	7D
6	36	N	4E	f	66	~	7E
7	37	O	4F	g	67		
8	38	P	50	h	68		

Appendix B. SSH Settings

Table 3 CLI Commands

get	set	del	Keyword				Descriptions
√	√		time				--time setting
√				-now			--current system time
√	√			-zone			--time zone
√	√			-NTPUpdate			-- NTP Update
√	√			-servertype			--server type
√	√			-IP			-IP
√	√			-Manual IP			-Manual IP
√	√		system				--system setting
√				-swversion			--system firmware version
√	√			-systemmac			--system MAC address
√	√			-devname			--system name
√	√			-country			--country/region
	√			-ethernet1DataRate			--ether port 1 data rate
√	√			-ethernet2DataRate			--ether port 2 data rate
√	√			-macclone			--mac clone enable
√	√			-clonedmac			--cloned mac address
√	√			-poepower			--secondary RJ45 power
√	√			-stp			--Spanning Tree
√	√			-stpForwardDelay			--STP forward delay
√	√			-gpslatitude			--gps latitude
√	√			-gpslongitude			--gps longitude
√	√		ipset				
√	√			-networkmode			--network mode select (bridge or router)
√	√			-bridge			--bridge mode ip settings
√	√				-iptype		--fixed/dynamical ip(dhcp client)
√	√				-ipaddr		--ip address
√	√				-netmask		--subnet mask
√	√				-gateway		--gateway ip address
√	√				-dns1		--dns1
√	√				-dns2		--dns2
√	√			-router			--router mode ip settings
√	√				-wan		--wan ip settings
√	√					-accesstype	--router mode access type
√	√					-staticipadd	--static ip address

						r	
√	√					-staticnetmask	--static subnet mask
√	√					-staticgateway	--static gateway ip address
√	√					-staticdns1	--static dns1
√	√					-staticdns2	--static dns2
√	√					-dhcpclienthostname	--dhcp client hostname
√						-pppoeconnectstatus	--pppoe connect status
√						-pppoelocalip	--obtains IP from pppoe server
√	√					-pppoestaticipaddr	--pppoe static ip address
√	√					-pppoeusername	--pppoe username
√	√					-pppoepassword	--pppoe password
√	√					-pppoeservername	--pppoe server name
√	√					-pppoeconnectmode	--pppoe connect mode
√	√					-pppoeidletime	--pppoe idle time
√	√				-lan		--lan ip settings
√	√					-ipaddr	--lan ip address
√	√					-netmask	--lan subnet mask
√	√					-dhcpserverenable	--dhcp server enable
√	√					-dhcpserveripstart	--dhcp server ip start
√	√					-dhcpserveripend	--dhcp server ip end
√	√					-dhcpserverleasetime	--dhcp server leasetime
√	√					-dhcprelayenable	--dhcp relay enable
√	√					-dhcpserverip	--dhcp server ip
√	√		wlan				--wlan setting
√	√			-operationmode			--operation mode
√	√			-ssid			--wireless network name
√	√			-ssidhided			--wireless SSID broadcast

√	√			-radio			--radio switch
√	√			-wirelessmode			--wireless mode
√	√						
√	√			-HTprotect			--HT protect
√	√			-frequency/channel			-wireless frequency/channel (depends on country and wireless mode)
√	√			-power			--power
√	√			-rate			--rate
√	√			-antenna			--antenna type
√	√			-antennaGain			--antenna gain setings
√	√			-wmm			--wmm settings
√	√			-Isolation			--wireless isolate communication between clients
√	√			-maxStaNum			--max sta connection number
√	√			-StaNumLmt			--Whether manually limit the number o f station
√	√			-spaceInMeter			--wireless bwa space in meter setting
√	√			-LinkIntegration			--wireless bwa coverage class setting
√	√			-channelMode			--channel mode
√	√			-channelOffset			--channel offset of 40MHz
√	√			-extension			--extension
√	√			-A-MPDU			--A-MPDU
√	√			-A-MSDU			--A-MSDU
√	√			-shortGI			--short GI
√	√			-RIFS			--rifs
√	√			-RTS			--RTS
√	√			-fragment			--fragment
√	√			-beacon			--beacon
√	√			-DTIM			--DTIM
√	√			-preamble			--preamble
√	√			-IGMP			--IGMP
√	√			-stdm			--stdm setting
√	√			-cpeType			--CPE Type
√	√			-authentication			--wireless authentication type
√	√			-encryption			--wireless data encryption
√	√	√		-key			--wireless wep key setting
√	√				-type		--wireless wep key type

√	√				-default		--wireless wep default key index
√	√	√			-1		--wireless wep key 1
√	√	√			-2		--wireless wep key 2
√	√	√			-3		--wireless wep key 3
√	√	√			-4		--wireless wep key 4
√	√	√		-wpa			--wireless WPA setting
√	√	√			-psk		--wireless pre-shared key (PSK) for WPA-PSK
√	√				-reauthtime		--wireless WPA re-auth period (in seconds)
√	√				-keyupdate		--enable wireless WPA global key update
√	√	√		-eap			--WPA EAP setting
√	√	√			-eaptype		--WPA EAP Type
√	√	√			-innereaptype		--WPA inner EAP Type
√	√				-username		--WPA user name
√	√				-loginname		--WPA login name
√	√				-password		--WPA password
√	√				-usercert		--WPA cert file
√	√				-privatekeypassword		--WPA private key password
√	√			-trafficshaping			--traffic shaping
√	√				-enable		--enable Traffic Shaping
√	√				-downlimit		--Incoming Traffic Limit
√	√				-downburst		--Incoming Traffic Burst
√	√				-uplimit		--Outgoing Traffic Limit
√	√				-upburst		--Outgoing Traffic Burst
√	√			-wdsMac			--WDS Remote Mac
√					-local		--local macAddr
√	√				-remote1		--remote macAddr1
√	√				-remote2		--remote macAddr2
√	√				-remote3		--remote macAddr3
√	√				-remote4		--remote macAddr4
√	√			-wdsSeparation			--WDS Separation
√				-association			--list of associated wireless clients
√	√		vapprofile 1(2, 3,etc)				--VAP setting
√	√			-active			--on/off this vap
√	√			-profileName			--Name of profile
√	√			-ssid			--ssid of this vap

√	√			-ssidhided			--Broadcast SSID Enable or Disable
√	√			-vlanID			--vlanID of this vap
√	√			-Isolation			--wireless separation
√	√			-wmm			--WMM Support
√	√			-MaxStaNum			--Max Station Number
√	√			-StaNumLmt			--Whether manually limit the number o f station
√	√			-authentication			--wireless authentication type
√	√			-encryption			--wireless data encryption
√	√			-default			--wireless wep default key index
√	√			-wpa			--wireless WPA setting
√				-association			--list of associated wireless clients
√	√		vlan				--vlan setting
√	√			-active			--enable 802.1Q VLAN
√	√			-manageID			--Management VLAN ID
√	√		radius				--radius setting
√	√			-IPaddr			--IP address
√	√			-port			--port
	√			-shared secret			--Shared Secret
√	√		firewall				--firewall setting
√	√			-srcipfilter			--source ip filter settings
√	√				-enable		--source ip filter enable
√	√				-addrule		--add a source ip filter rule
	√				-delerule		--delete source ip filter rule
√					-rulelist		--show source ip filter rule lists
√	√			-destipfilter			--destination ip filter settings
√	√				-enable		--destination ip filter enable
√	√				-addrule		--add a destination ip filter rule
	√				-delerule		--delete destination ip filter rule
√					-rulelist		--show destination ip filter rule lists
√	√			-srcportfilter			--source port filter settings
√	√				-enable		--source port filter enable
√	√				-addrule		--add a source port filter rule
	√				-delerule		--delete source port filter rule

√					-rulelist		--show source port filter rule lists
√	√			-destportfilter			--destination port filter settings
√	√				-enable		--destination port filter enable
√	√				-addrule		--add a destination port filter rule
	√				-delerule		--delete destination port filter rule
√					-rulelist		--show destination port filter rule lists
√	√			-portforward			--port forward settings
√	√				-enable		--port forward enable
√	√				-addrule		--add a port forward rule
	√				-delerule		--delete port forward rule
√					-rulelist		--show port forward rule lists
√	√			-dmzenable			--dmz enable
√	√			-dmzipaddr			--dmz ip address
√	√		remote				--remote management setting
√	√			-privacy			--radius IP address
√	√			-telnet			--enable telnet
√	√			-snmp			--enable snmp
√	√			-ftp			--enable ftp
√	√			-ssh			--enable ssh
√	√			-forcehttps			--force https
√	√			-wise			--enable wise tools
√	√		snmp				--SNMP setting
√	√			-version			--Protocol Version
√	√			-port			--Server Port
√	√			-getCommunity			--SNMP Read Community
√	√			-setCommunity			--SNMP Write Community
√	√			-trapdestination			--Trap Destination
√	√			-trapcommunity			--Trap Community
√	√			-v3Admin			--v3Admin
√	√				-on		--Enable SNMPv3Admin
√	√				-name		--name
	√				-password		--password
√	√				-accessType		--access type
√	√				-authentica		--Authentication Protocol

					tion		
√	√				-Privacy		--privacy protocol
√	√			-v3User			-v3User
√	√				-on		--Enable SNMPv3User
√	√				-name		--name
	√				-password		--password
√	√				-accessType		--access type
√	√				-authentication		--Authentication Protocol
√	√				-Privacy		--privacy protocol
√	√		coovachilli				--CoovaChilli setting
√	√			-coovaChilliEnable			--Coovachilli Enable
√	√			-primaryRadiusServer			--Primary RADIUS Server
√	√			-secondaryRadiusServer			--Secondary RADIUS Server
√	√			-radiusAuthPort			--RADIUS Authentication Port
√	√			-radiusAcctPort			--RADIUS Accounting Port
√	√			-radiusSharedSecret			--RADIUS Shared Secret
√	√			-radiusNasid			--RADIUS Nasid
√	√			-radiusAdminUsername			--RADIUS Admin Username
√	√			-radiusAdminPassword			--RADIUS Admin Password
√	√			-uamPortalUrl			--UAM Portal URL
√	√			-uamSecret			--UAM Secret
√	√		syslog				--syslog
√	√			-client			--enable syslog client
√	√			-ipaddr			--syslog server IP address
√	√			-port			--syslog server port number
	√			-clear			--syslog clear
√	√		pingwdg				--ping watchdog
√	√			-enable			--enable
√	√			-interval			--interval
√	√			-startdelay			--startup delay
√	√			-failcount			--failure count
√	√			-ip			--ip address
√	√	√	acl				--access control
√	√			-mode			--enable wireless access control (ACL)
		√		-delete			--delete a local ACL

							address
√		√		-list			--delete or display all local ACL address
	√			-MacAddr			--add mac address to Current Access Control List
√			statistics				--statistics
√				-Wireless			--Wireless LAN
√				-Ethernet			--Ethernet LAN
√		√	log list				--syslog list
	√		password				--system password
	√		reset				--restore factory
	√		reboot				--reboot system
	√		exit				--logout from CLI

Appendix C. GPL Declamation

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Busybox		**http://www.busybox.net/downloads/busybox-1.01.tar.bz2**	**GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE Version 2**	**http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-licenses/gpl-2.0.html**
brctl	**Copyright (C) 2000 Lennert Buytenhek**	**http://nchc.dl.sourcef**	**GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE Version 2**	**http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-li**

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hostapd	Copyright (c) 2002-2006, Jouni Malinen <jkmaline@cc.hut.fi> and contributors	http://hostap.epitest.fi/releases/hostapd-0.4.8.tar.gz	GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE Version 2	http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-licenses/gpl-2.0.html
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mtdutil		ftp://ftp.uk.linux.org/pub/people/dwmw2/mtd/cvs/mtd/util/	GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE Version 2	http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-licenses/gpl-2.0.html
ntpclient	Copyright 1997, 1999, 2000, 2003 Larry Doolittle	http://doolittle.icarus.com/ntpclient/ntpclient_2003_194.tar.gz	GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE Version 2	http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-licenses/gpl-2.0.html
procps	Author: Albert Cahalan, Michael K. Johnson, Jim Warner, etc.	http://procps.sourceforge.net/procps-3.2.7.tar.gz	GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE Version 2 GNU LIBRARY GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE Version 2	http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-licenses/gpl-2.0.html http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-licenses/library.html
vsftpd	Author: Chris Evans	ftp://vsftpd	GNU GENERAL PUBLIC	http://www.gnu.o

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